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The Alexandria Gazette

For this section—Fair and colder today; tomorrow increasing cloudiness, becoming unsettled. High tide tomorrow; 4:03 a. m. 4:45 p. m.

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JUDGE MONCURE MAKES ANSWER TO CHARGES

Judge Occupies Stand All Day Yesterday And Again Today

FLAYS FRANK STUART

Expects to Finish Statement Today When Cross-Examination Begins —Stuart Not to Answer Questions

Any doubt that Judge Moncure was ready, able and willing to defend himself against the charges preferred by Frank Stuart was dispelled within a short time after he took the witness stand before the investigating committee yesterday. The courtroom was crowded, the audience including many ladies and most of the ministers of the city. Judge Moncure spoke without interruption from 2 o'clock until 6 o'clock, and held the undivided attention of the committee, and those present during the entire session. He spoke with calm and dignity, answering in detail from copious notes and documents every charge and statement made by Stuart and the witnesses whom he had produced. John S. Barbour, counsel for Judge Moncure, first called to the witness stand Justice Frank W. Troth, of Fairfax County, who testified that after the trial of a recent case before him, which had been decided against Stuart, Stuart had taken exception to, had become very much inflamed and angered, and cursed and abused him in the hearing of his wife, and threatened to horsewhip him. Justice Troth testified that Stuart had been accompanied on this occasion by Robert Thomas, an attorney of Alexandria, and it was his impression that they had come to his home for the purpose of intimidating him. Justice Troth, who is aged, gray-haired, and cripple with rheumatism, when cross-examined, recounted the occurrence without variation. Constable Weiss was the next witness who testified that he was present at the trial before Justice Troth, and corroborated his testimony in every detail, and stated that Justice Troth had called for his assistance to protect him from Stuart and Thomas. During the examination of these witnesses Stuart was asked by Mr. Barbour whether he was armed with a pistol as he had stated he was at the time of his difficulty with Judge Moncure. Stuart stated that he did not remember whether he had a pistol on him at that time, but that he probably had, as he usually carried one on such occasions. Judge Moncure in his opening remarks, stated emphatically that the charges made by Attorney Frank Stuart to a Washington newspaper were unqualifiedly and knowingly false; that the charges were founded on personal, private venom, and were propagated by an unreliable, scandal-loving newspaper, that attacked men's characters for profit.

Official Murder

He stated that he was reliably informed that Stuart had hawked his scandal to the responsible papers of Washington, and that the same had been rejected, by all except the paper conducting the scandal campaign against him, and he further stated that Stuart and this paper had during many months' preparation as deliberately planned and conspired for his official murder as willful, deliberate, and premeditated murder is done by those who in dark secluded spots planned and carried out the same.

Waited To Answer Charges

Judge Moncure stated that it had always been his fixed purpose to answer these vicious and dunt'ue charges, but only to the Bar Association committee and to the public of the city of Alexandria, and that he did not intend to answer a man controlled by envy, malice, and hatred, and for whom he had no respect, nor a yellow sheet which had had an opportunity to know the truth but as a matter of choice chose to prevent the truth and lend its aid in a campaign of official murder for the sole sake of sensationalism and profit.

Public Libel

Judge Moncure called their attention to the fact that Stuart, to exercise his private venom, and the newspaper for its private gain, had disgraced and published to the world the city of Alexandria, the judge of its court, the great majority of its respected attorneys and many of its ministers and good citizens, and that this action on their part could never be charged up to any moral reform, but to the gratification of their own desires, and he quoted the evidence of Stuart in several places where he said he was not interested in the divorce probe, but that he only wanted to get Judge Moncure, and Judge Moncure also called attention to the general scandal-mongering propensities of the Washington newspaper with which every one seems familiar. Judge Moncure also called attention to the fact that many of the fantastic articles published in that newspaper were already known by the public to be absolutely false, and that yet Stuart and this newspaper persisted in their

(Continued on Page Three)

WASHINGTON DAY BY DAY

(For The Gazette)

Washington, March 8.—Great Britain's beer bill in 1921 was over a billion dollars. Consul General Skinner at London reporting to the Department of Commerce today stated that the people of Great Britain spent 270,000,000 pounds for beer during the calendar year of 1921. During the year 1920 294,000,000 pounds were spent for beer by Great Britain's thirsty millions, which is a record according to reports reaching the Department of Commerce.

The decrease in the consumption of beer in 1921 it was pointed out by Mr. Skinner was due to the increased wholesale cost of the malt beverage. Beer in wholesale quantities increased three times in price over the prewar price, it was said.

There was such a demand for the beverage after the close of the war that the brewers of Great Britain took advantage of the situation and raised the price to the consumer.

During the course of a conversation with three members of the House and several newspaper men, Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee referred to members of the Senate as "aged and infirm gentlemen," because of their opposition to the bonus bill.

The statement was made after Fordney had said that the bonus bill as introduced would pass the House.

"But the House passed a bonus bill in a prior occasion," Fordney was reminded, "and the Senate sidetracked it."

"Yes, I know that," he answered. "What those aged and infirm gentlemen over there will do with it I don't know."

"Yes, aged and infirm is right," said an unidentified member of the House. "Inform in other ways than physically."

Mr. Fordney is 69 years old.

The Harding administration, it was announced at the White House today, "intends to keep the faith" and will insist upon a conference between coal operators and miners with a view to preventing the threatened strike in this industry. It was stated in this connection that the President has instructed Secretary of Labor Davis to insist upon the operators and miners conforming to their agreement made on March 20, 1920 that before any further strike was ordered a conference would take place between the contending factions with a view to settling their differences.

Up to the present time the Secretary of Labor has been sounding out the sentiment among the operators and miners as to their intentions to abide by the agreement of March 20 but no direct request has been placed before them for a conference. But the decision reached at the Cabinet meeting means that the government will use every means in its control to prevent a strike of coal miners.

"Either the sales tax or postponement of bonus legislation" was the word that went forth from the White House today to the bonus raiders at the Capitol, headed by the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee. They have been spreading the impression that President Harding would favor the new plan for payment of the bonus by adjusted service certificates.

The announcement from the White House was official, authorized and emphatic. The President's position on the bonus has not changed, it was said, since the letter he wrote to Chairman Fordney declaring that either a sales tax ought to be provided to pay the bonus or else the bonus ought to be postponed.

So strongly was the President's position stated that it was taken by everyone who heard the announcement to mean that the President will veto the present bonus bill if it comes to him without the sales tax provision.

Senator Pat Harrison, of Mississippi head of the Speakers' Bureau in the last campaign, says he believes the women of the country are entitled to equal rights with men.

"Since the adoption and ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution," said the Senator today, "giving women the right to vote, no obstacle in the law should be countenanced that would allow any discrimination on account of marriage or sex. The legislature of my state is now in session and it may be that your request for an expression from me comes at this time in connection with the fight that women are making to have passed such a bill."

Isaac Gregg.

FUNERAL TOMORROW

Funeral services for Mrs. Ann E. Service, who died suddenly yesterday morning at her residence, 517 Cameron street, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Services will be conducted by Rev. Percy Foster Hall, rector, assisted by Rev. Dr. P. P. Phillips, former rector of that church. Burial will be in Oak Hill cemetery, Washington.

Petersburg—The first store in Petersburg to have installed the radiophone is the Petersburg Piano Company, on Washington street. Henry Leete, proprietor, is having a complete outfit put in the store, and will be ready to receive music from all parts of the country within the next few days.

ALL IS READY FOR BIG GAME

Large Numbers Are Expected to See Final Game Tonight

Season's Record Proves Strength of Local Quint—A. H. S. is Confident of Victory—Game Starts at 8 O'clock

The stage is all set for the big basket ball game between the Alexandria and Charlottesville high schools, which will be played in the Armory Hall tonight, at 8o'clock. The winner of this contest will then claim the scholastic championship of the northwestern half of the State and will do battle with some other team for the honors of the whole of the "Old Dominion."

The following summary of the season will best illustrate the ability of the boys who will fight for the honor of their beloved city tonight. It will be noted that the local team has defeated 16 out of 19 opponents—the percentage, therefore, is 842. A. H. S. has piled a total score of 601 points against 314 scored by the various opposing teams. It will also be noted that Pettit is leading the scoring with a grand total of 227 points and that Captain Dreifus is following close behind with 177 points—but this record will speak for itself.

The following schedule was carried out with the results as noted. A. H. S. 27, Boat Club 21; A. H. S. 21, Hyattsville 8; A. H. S. 46, Fredericksburg 7; A. H. S. 39, Stewart's 8; A. H. S. 66, Manassas 8; A. H. S. 40, Rockville 16, A. H. S. 21, Warrenton 27; A. H. S. 25, Emerson 21; A. H. S. 40, Bliss 38; A. H. S. 28, Hyattsville 18; A. H. S. 53, Manassas 8; A. H. S. 20, Rockhill 19; A. H. S. 19, Tech 22; A. H. S. 19, Boat Club 17; A. H. S. 28, Warrenton, 12; A. H. S. 12, Eastern 18; A. H. S. 30, Orange 10; A. H. S. 39, Rockville 22; A. H. S. 28, Warrenton 14.

Pettit has to his credit 227 points; Dreifus, 177; Midkiff 100; Dyson, 58; and Ramage 6. Others who have scored range on down the list until the list has reached a total of 601 points.

All Alexandrians are urged to be out tonight and see the High School boys in action for the last time here this year. These boys need and deserve the support of every Alexandrian.

Coach Metzler, of Central High will referee this game.

SIX DEATHS IN TORNADO WHICH SWEEPS SOUTH

Center of Storm at Warrenville, S. C., Where Five Die

THREE STATES HIT

One Dead and 15 Injured at Wilson, N. C.—Property Loss Is Reproted as Being Very Heavy

Augusta, Ga., March 8.—Six deaths appeared last night to be the total of fatalities in the tornado which early today ravaged mill villages near here in Georgia and South Carolina and later hit Wilson, N. C.

The storm centered, according to reports received here, at Warrenville, S. C., where, in addition to the five killed, a number were injured. The nearby Carolina towns of Langley and Graniteville reported no casualties, but accounts of extensive damage from all three places brought out numerous instances of hairbreadth escapes.

In Warrenville, where 25 houses in the southeastern section of the village were demolished, the homeless uninjured immediately set about the work of rescue, guided through the blinding rain in the darkness by cries for help. Many said they had been awakened by the rumbling of the storm and the trembling of their houses just in time to escape.

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Tillman Beard was demolished except for the roof, but they and their five children were not injured. The youngest of the Beard children, an infant a few months old, was trapped under the roof, left intact like a huge chicken coop, and laughed gleefully when taken from a comfortable pillow by a rescuer

Clothing, furniture and wreckage generally were scattered over the ground and in treetops by the wind, which, with whimsical generosity, left a large mirror without a crack under the debris of a house and moved a small corrugated iron fire house 100 yards without disturbing the leaves of a huge oak tree which sheltered it. The small hand reel in the center of the building also remained undisturbed.

At Wilson one person was killed. 15 more or less badly hurt, some of them seriously, and property was damaged at from $40,000 to $50,000.

PRESIDENT WILL CALL FOR MINE WAGE MEETING

Instructs Secretary Davis to Advise Operators of Administration Stand

STRIKE IS PROBABLE

Harding Takes Position That by This Action He Will Be Keeping Faith With Operators and Miners

Washington, March 8.—With reports coming in constantly of miners' local unions voting overwhelmingly in favor of a strike in the soft-coal fields on April 1, President Harding yesterday admonished Secretary Davis, of the Department of Labor, to move at once in stating to the coal operators the Government's view that they should enter the joint wage conference which the miners have been vainly seeking.

This became known at the White House following the meeting of the Cabinet. The President's directions to Mr. Davis were explicit and positive, and it is assumed that Mr. Davis has acted or will act without further delay, although no statement could be got from him this afternoon. Last week it was stated at the Labor Department that Mr. Davis probably would write to the operators today or tomorrow.

There is little hope in Administration circles that the strike can be averted. On form, what Mr. Harding directed Secretary Davis to do is to ask the coal operators to go into conference with the miners and fix a new wage scale, effective April 1.

That is in accord with an Administration decision reached days ago, but not carried out. What it really amounts to is a statement of the Administration's view that the coal operators are in the wrong in refusing to enter a joint wage conference for the purpose of arranging a new scale to take the place of the existing one, which will expire on March 31.

Mr. Harding describes the action Secretary Davis is directed to take as "keeping the faith." His position is that the Wilson Administration influenced the framing of the present wage agreement. That was when the miners were in strong position. In that agreement was a provision that before it expired the operators and miners were to meet in joint conference to frame an agreement to take its place. President Harding thinks that the Administration is under moral obligation to use its influence now to bring about the promised conference. It seems clear that even should the operators weaken, under Government pressure, in their direct or tacit refusals to the miners to enter a joint conference and go into one, the result would be a deadlock.

There is a bare chance that they would reach an agreement with the miners' representatives, and another bare chance that a truce could be agreed upon that would prevent, temporarily at least, the strike. But everything that comes from both sides leads to the conclusion that the operators are not willing to continue the present wage scale, as the miners ask, or anything like it.

There may be, however, this much practical gain from the Administration's move: The coal operators must make reply to a communication from the Government, and they may set forth the position of the operators in the central competitive field as a whole.

Mr. Davis will write to the several associations of operators in that field, and those associations in the past have been merged into a unit in negotiations for a basic soft-coal wage.

If their replies follow a common line, so that they can be taken as an authoritative statement of the position of all the operators, that statement may be set off in comparison to the wage stand taken by the miners in their Indianapolis convention. And that will give a definite starting point in public opinion for possible intervention of the Government and for private negotiations between the representatives of the operators and the miners.

Meantime, both the operators and the miners are preparing themselves for the struggle. The former are making arrangements to keep their mines in operation with non-union labor so far as may be necessary to meet their contracts. They expect to be able to employ some members of the union who are unable to stand the financial strain of a strike, as well as men always outside the union.

And the miners are preparing to make the most of their financial resources, and, more important, perhaps, of the advantage they get through the President's position in favor of a joint conference, in the play for the support of public opinion.

Danville—Robert Barker, a farmer of Henry Co., was shot and almost instantly killed by Louis Islev near Aiken Summit Sunday night. Barker was visiting, and both were under the influence of whisky when they began scuffling for possession of a revolver.

NEAR EAST RELIEF

Central Committee Has Been Asked to Increase Appropriations to Meet Famine Conditions

News from the Near East presents a pitable condition. The central committee of New York, has been asked to increase appropriations to meet war and famine emergencies. But the committee is now facing decreasing receipts. Mr. Oliver J. Sands, state chairman, is anxious for Virginia to meet its quota of 5000 orphans. Rev. Dr. Jno. Lee Allison, chairman of Arlington county, including Alexandria city, is expecting generous support so that the allotment of 820 orphans may be fed and cared for. He urges all Sunday Schools and organizations to send amounts at once to L. H. Dudley, Alexandria National Bank. Some have already responded, but many must help this appeal that the cry of distress may be answered and the allotment of $4900.00 be subscribed. Remember $5 per month or $60 per year will open the orpranage to one Armenian child. Won't you help? Cabelgrams read as follows:

"Hunger spreading over new areas."

"Impossible to tell of misery in spite of the enormous work of Near East Relief."

Woman's National Foundation

The three circles in Alexandria are invited to attend the following lectures at the Foundation: Monday, March 13, Dr. David Jayne Hill; Monday, March 20, D. D. Black; Monday, March 27, Miss Schwed. Lectures will be at 8 p. m. All members are invited. Membership cards must be presented at the door.

HELEN NORRIS CUMMINGS,
State Chairman.

FIREMEN'S BANQUET

Columbia Company Will Celebrate Its Fifty-Third Anniversary Tomorrow Night

A banquet will be given tomorrow night by the Columbia Engine and Motor Company No. 4 at the company's house in observance of its fifty-first anniversary. A large number of members it is expected will attend. A number of invited guests also are expected to attend. Norman Roberts, president of the company, will preside.

PRESIDENT IN TEST ON BONUS WITH CONGRESS

Bill Is Introduced In House Despite His Firm Stand

DELAY ON SALES TAX

Harding Plans to Let Congress Find Its Own Way to Finish The Program Already Started.

Washington, March 8.—President Harding announced with firmness yesterday that he stood for a postponement of bonus legislation or for a sales tax, and added with equal positiveness that his attitude, as expressed in his letter to Chairman Fordney, has not been changed in any particular.

Despite this declaration, in less than an hour the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee agreed to the compromise bonus bill, and shortly afterward it was introduced in the House by Chairman Fordney. He announced it would not be called up until next Monday, if then.

It is common belief in Washington tonight that the President and Congress have deadlocked upon bonus legislation, although Representative Longworth, of Ohio, one of the framers of the bill, seems convinced that in the end the President will recede and accept the measure as drawn today.

"I believe," the President wrote Chairman Fordney less than three weeks ago, "the American people will accept the levy of a general sales tax to meet the proposed bonus payments, and we should contribute thereby no added difficulties to the problems of readjustment. If Congress will not adopt such a plan it would be wise to let the legislation go over until there is a situation which will justify the large outlay."

That was President Harding's stand then. It is his stand today. Either Congress or the President will have to back down. And the White House indicated today that the President will not. Congress is headed for more trouble, it appears, after its final flip-flops on the soldiers' compensation plan.

The bonds issue is only one precipitating an impasse between the Executive and Congress with regard to the unfinished items of the legislative program most essential, politically, to the Republican canditates about to start

(Continued on page six)

IN CONGRESS YESTERDAY

SENATE

Met at noon and recessed at 5 p. m. until noon today.

Senator Kellogg (Republican), Minnesota, addressed the Senate in support of the four-power Pacific treaty without reservations or qualifications of any character.

Senator Lodge, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, gave notice he would address the Senate today on the Four-Power Pacific treaty.

The bill for the support of the Departments of Commerce and of Labor was reported by Senator Jones, from the Appropriations Committee, carrying a total of $25,726,525, being an increase of $404,000 over the amount appropriated by the House and $3,962,102 less than the estimates.

The District appropriation bill was passed practically as reported by the committee, including the Jones tax amendment, provisions for the improvement of the water supply, enlarged public school building construction and purchase of additional parks.

Under the terms of a bill introduced by Senator Sterling (Republican), South Dakota, all government prohibition enforcement agents would be placed in the classified service.

The nomination of F. E. Scobey, of Texas, to be director of the mint was confirmed; also a long list of postmasters.

Passed House bill directing the housing corporation to wind up its affairs.

The irrigation committee favorably reported the McNary bill appropriating $350,000,000 for development of irrigation and reclamation, including swamp land draining.

The agriculture committee agreed to postpone its trip to Muscle Shoals until consideration of the Arms Conference treaties has been concluded.

HOUSE.

Met at noon and adjourned at 5:20 p. m. until noon today.

Began general debate on the agriculture appropriation bill.

Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee reached a final agreement on the compromise soldier bonus bill, which was introduced by Chairman Fordney.

Representatives of religious and relief organizations before the Foreign Affairs Committee urged co-operation between the United States, Great Britain, France and Italy in assisting the Armenians, with an ultimate view of giving them an opportunity to establish themselves as a nation.

Representative Kahn, of California, chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, introduced a resolution authorizing an appropriation of $2,000 to defray expenses of members of the committee who will visit the Government's war projects at Muscle Shoals, Ala.

The committee in executive session decided to receive any changes in the proposals before it which the makers decided to make from time to time, if made formally.

In executive session the House subcommittee on naval appropriations, which will fix the size and cost of the new "treaty navy" for the next fiscal year, heard Secretary Denby, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt and Admiral Coontz, chief of naval operations.

Possibility of a strike April 1 in the anthracite regions was deplored by Representative Newton (Republican), Minnesota, who declared on the floor of the House that a tie-up would be a disastrous blow to industry generally.

Commenting on the increase in the retail price of anthracite during the past few years, Mr. Newton held that the operators and owners of coal mines were "almost together responsible for excessive costs."

DROWNED MAN

Body of Colored Man Believed From Washington Found on River Bank Today

The body of a colored man apparently between forty-five and fifty years of age, was found on the river bank about a quarter of a mile north of the city limits this morning, it having been washed ashore during the night. The Washington authorities were notified by Chief Goods and later in the day the Washington harbor police boat came over and carried the body to the District morgue.

The man is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches and weighs about 160 pounds. A memorandum book containing several Washington addresses probably will help to identify the man. Among his effects were two tickets for a concert to be given at Asbury M. E. Church, Eleventh and K Street, northwest, Washington, February 28. The body indicated it had been in the water only a short time. A sailor's coat bearing the name of L. A. Davis, was worn by the man.

Death of Mrs. Henderson

Word has been received in this city of the death at her home in Baltimore of Mrs. Clara V. Henderson, a former resident and daughter of Capt. Matthew Kersey, of this city.

She is survived by her husband, and three children, and also by her father, three brothers and one sister.

Burial will be in Baltimore, the funeral taking place from her late residence Friday afternoon, March 10th, at 2 p. m.

LOW DISEASE RATE NOTED IN FEBRUARY

Report Submitted by Dr. L. E. Foulks, City Health Officer

ONLY FORTY-SIX CASES

Number of Deaths and Communicable Diseases in January and February Below Normal.

General summary of the work accomplished by the health department during month of February, 1922.

Our disease rate for the month of February was exceedingly low, in fact much below the usual rate for several years past. To illustrate:

February 1920, No. of cases reported 158
February 1921, No. of cases reported 125
February 1922, No. of cases reported 46

This extra low disease rate is partly accounted for by our wonderful freedom from children's diseases, such as diptheria, scarlet fever, measles, mumps whooping cough and chicken pox. In fact there has been such a few cases of the usual and naturally expected children's diseases within our city limits since May, 1921, as to be hardly worth noting. This can be partly accounted for by the careful watch kept over our children in the public schools. No matter what the reason may be, we should be very thankful that our city has been kept practically free from children's diseases for the past ten months. Efficient food, milk and general sanitary inspection work, also would check such diseases.

No cases of diptheria or scarlet fever were reported or found within our city during the month of February.

The number of cases reported and the death rate from pneumonia for both January and Febraury, has been far lower than usual for these two months, in which the greatest number of cases and deaths occur.

We had several cases of typhoid during the month. Two of the cases were contacts and one an outside infection, but no deaths occurred. It will be seen from the above notations, that the number of cases of communicable diseases and deaths therefrom during both January and February, were below what might be expected as normal.

General Food and Milk Inspection Work

Much of this class of work has been done during February, as will be seen in our detailed report. 840 pounds of tuberculous meat was condemned and destroyed. This makes a total of 8,715 pounds, condemned by this department since July 1st, 1921. During the month we investigated 181 general and special complaints, taking such action as each was found to require. Many of the complaints received by us are found, upon investigation, to be of a trivial nature, but some are serious and it gives us a chance to abate some condition that might be a dangerous menace to health. We are always glad to receive and investigate complaints, for in that way we have things called to our attention that otherwise we might never run across. 113 nuisances were abated during the month.

During the month, we made a total of 253 inspections of restaurants, meat markets, fish markets, grocery stores, soft drink establishments, dairy farms, moving picture houses, schools, public toilets, etc. The above represents a large amount of work, but it is only a part of what we do. It is only by a careful study of the detailed report that one may realize the large and varied amount of work accomplished by this department.

Laboratory

Our laboratory did the usual amount of work, making 313 examinations. This gives no idea of the other work, that must be done daily, in making up stains, reagents, culture media, etc. But it all requires work, and it takes both time and care, for it must be done perfectly, or it would be worthless. It is an undisputed fact that the work of control and prevention of communicable diseases, cannot be sucessfully carried out without the help of a modern bacteriological laboratory, and your health department is satisfied that we have one that is second to none in any city of the size of Alexandria. The only thing we need is more room in which to work, as our present quarters are too small. I might state here, that the crying need of your health department today, is more commodious quarters, in which to conduct our varied and constantly growing activities. The space we have is entirely too small for the work this department is called upon to do. We have simply outgrown our quarters! But we are trying to do the best we can with the room at our disposal.

Venereal Clinic

44 cases of venereal disease were treated during the past month, and a total of 400 treatments given in this

(Continued on page five)

Alexandria Gazette
SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS
AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

THEODORE HARRIS, President.

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Bryant, Griffith and Brunson, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York
Peoples Gas Bldg., Chicago.
201 Devonshire St., Boston
607 Grant Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

For Greater Alexandria

Ferry to Maryland Shore.
Improved Highway to Fairfax.
Great White Way on King Street.
Belgian Blocks replaced on Washington Highway by asphalt.
North Alfred and Columbus Streets improved to Washington Boulevard.
New Public School.
Washington Boulevard made safe by abutting strips.
More Playgrounds for the children.
Public Park.
Modern Y. M. C. A. Building.
Reduction in Gas Rates.
Reduction in City Taxes.
500 Houses or Apartments.
Municipal Pier

BELL TELEPHONE REPORT

The Annual Report of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company for 1921, is fresh from the press. We shall publish various items of this exhaustive and interesting report in our news columns later. As we said recently, however, we know of nothing more instructive and enlightening to the average reader than the publication at intervals of the inner operations of our great industrial organizations. This is, indeed, history in the making. The laying bare of the thousand-and-one details that go to the making up of a product or utility that is part and parcel of our national organism. A few years ago a great cloud hovered over the country—that of the discontent and restlessness of labor; the stirring up and undue emphasis of class-consciousness. This seemed at the time to be the one problem that we had to settle, with no amicable solution offering. Many of the thinking people of the country were in despair. The rift seemed to be widening and the trouble growing. The war came along, however, and with volcanic force scattered into dust and ashes all domestic problems—concentering the interest of mankind on one sole thing—the preservation of free institutions in the world and the reservation to the individual of liberty. Many shibboleths of many kinds went alike into the melting pot. Economic, sociological, financial, and political theories, some of them ages old, disappeared in the general menstruum. Bankers of international fame, for instance, would have told you that war was impossible without money; that no nation in the world could stand a debt of even ten billions, because no country could secure that credit, and that a world-conflagration was impossible because the world's financiers would not permit it. But it came, nevertheless, and any one of a half-dozen nations would now be happy and fortunate with a war debt of what the bankers then called an imposisble sum.

One of the problems that the war helped to solve was that of the relationship between employer and employee. As we said only last week, the great industrial concerns of the country are all busily engaged in a study of these relations, and we may confidently look to their ultimate adjustment.

The Bell Telephone System has long been a student of these problems. Its product is service and utility to mankind, and it is peculiar in that it uses little or no raw material, but chiefly labor in its output. It is one of the eminently successful institutions of the country, and as it practices merciless publicity, it is easy for the man who reads to understand the methods and the steps of its success.

It is only fory-five years since the telephone was invented. Yet today the United States has 13,380,000 owned and connected telephone stations, or two-thirds of all the telephones in the world. Europe has only one telephone to each one hundred of its population, while, as stated, in this country we have about one to seven. We have but a sixteenth of the world's people, and two-thirds of the telephones in use.

The Bell system some time ago saw that a main element of its strength would consist in a wide distribution of its ownership. The total number of its shareholders of record, December 31, 1921, was 186,342, of which 175,085 held less than 100 shares, each; 9,912 held from 100 to 1,000 shares each; 319 held from 1,000 to 5,000 shares, each; and only 12 held 5,000 shares or more, each. 147,991 held 25 shares or less, each. At the end of 1921, about 9 1-2 per cent of the stock was held by trustees; about 5 1-2 per cent of the stock was in the names of brokers; and about 1 per cent of the stock was held in Europe. Of the 186,342 stockholders of record, approximately 25,700 are employees of the Bell System, and there are more than 128,000 employees in all who are now paying for stock of the System on the installment plan. The average number of shares held ten years ago was sixty-seven; today it is twenty-nine, or an average holding of $2900. The American Telephone and Telegraph Company has more holders of its stock, and has the widest distribution of ownership of any corporation in the United States, and therefore, in all probability, in the world.

We have heretofore noted in these columns the various sociological reforms and improvements adopted by the Company in its relations with its employees. This, in conjunction with its wise policy of wide distribution of ownership among those on its payrolls, establish it firmly as among the large industrial concerns of the country who are gradually achieving a proper solution of the problems of labor and capital as they have existed in the past.

High School Students Offered Scholarship

Washington, D. C., —For the third consecutive year, a four years' university scholarship is being offered high school students to encourage them in the study of highway economics, according to an announcement today from the office of the Highway and Highway Transport Education Committee.

The scholarship, won previously by two young women residing respectively in Idaho and West Virginia, is given by Harvey S. Firestone, Akron, Ohio, a member of the committee, for the best essay written on the subject "How Good Roads Are Developing My Community," submitted in a national essay contest. Essays, according to rules announced today, are not to exceed 700 words in length, and must be in the hands of a high school teacher or principal not later than May 1. All students of high school grade, including both public and private schools, are eligible to compete.

Aims of the contest, stimulation according to the committee are the stimulation of problems of highway transport, highway economics and highway engineering, as a corollary to a course in these subjects now being prepared for the committee by the leading economists and engineers of the country for use in colleges and universities.

Not only are high school pupils of the forty-eight states eligible to compete, but notices are being sent to the school authorities of the territories and possessions of the United States. Pupils in the District of Columbia, Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines submitted manuscripts in last year's contest. Announcements are being made at once to all school officials in the United States.

The conduct of the contest necessitates an organization for each state, being effected in the majority of instances through the state department of public instruction, or through a leading state university. These organizations, it is said will receive the essays for their respective states, make a selection of the best submitted, and forward it to the office of the committee at Washington. Among the state universities that will conduct the contest in their respective commonwealths are listed the University of Kentucky, the University of North Carolina, the University of South Carolina, the University of Virginia, the University of North Dakota, the University of Maryland, the University of South Dakota, the University of Tennessee, and many others.

The contest last year was won by Miss Garland Johnson, a pupil in the Bridgeport, West Virginia, high school Miss Johnson, upon her graduation, will attend one of the leading women's colleges, all tuition and reasonable expenses being defrayed by the donor of the scholarship. The first scholarship offered was awarded Miss Katherine F. Butterfield, Weiser, Idaho, who is now in her second year in college under the terms of the scholarship. The scholarship is valued at not less than $4,000.

Complete rules of the contest, a bibliography, suggestions and other information may be had upon application to the Highway and Highway Transport Education Committee, Willard Building, Washington, D. C., it is announced.

Speakin' o' th' Washin'ton parley, Admiral Kato has a nice, roomy kimono sleeve t' laugh in. Th' good die young, but reformers often worry along till they're eighty.

(Copyright Nat'l Newspaper Service.)

"INCOME IN THE UNITED STATES."

The most prosperous 1 per cent of the income receivers of the country in 1918 had nearly 14 per cent of the total income. This 1 per cent had incomes totaling over $8,000,000,000.

That sounds like material for starting an operation on "the capitalists class," "the rich are getting richer," or "the domination of the dollars."

But it gets a little different sound when we add the statement:

"When we start from the top of the income scale we must go down to people receiving $8,000 per annum in order to include 1 per cent of the income receivers."

These figures are taken from "Income in the United States" the result of more than a year of work by the staff of the National Bureau of Economic Research. According to the Research. According to the Bureau, the aggregate income of the American people in 1918 was $61,000,000,000 This does not include any allowance for the money value of work done by housewives for their own families. This has been estimated at $18,450,000,000.

Most of the huge increase in the national income during the war was due merely to the rise of prices. The per capita income rose from $319 in 1909 to $586 in 1918. If those figures were turned into 1913 prices we find that the 1909 income was $333 and the 1918 income $372.—*The Nation's Business.*

BLAMES EXAGGERATED ADVERTISING

The general tenor of much of the present-day retail advertising was severely criticized in a speech made by Alvin E. Dodd, manager of the Domestic Distribution Department of the National Chamber before a meetstate Merchants' Council held in Chicago.

Absurd claims and exaggerated statements made in advertising in the opinion of Mr. Dodd, are more responsible than high prices for any lack of confidence which the public may have in retailers. Investigations made by the Domestic Distribution Department, Mr. Dodd declared, show that retail of most commodities bear a logical relation to wholesale and manufacturers' prices and to the prices of raw materials used to produce these goods. Prices charged by retail merchants, he said, appear to be moderate in a general sense and in costs.

No reader of an advertisment, said Mr. Dodd, will believe that a retailer will sell goods at a price representing one-half the value of the goods The public, he said, on reading an advertisment setting forth such a claim, immediately puts the merchant down as a profiteer who has been charging twice too much for his goods or dismisses the statement as false on its face. This kind of advertising, he said, induces the public to doubt even advertisments setting forth real values and real price reduction.—*The Nation's Business.*

Madrid in point of geographical elevation, is the highest city in Europe.

Buenos Aires has more than 500 drug stores and more than 600 perfume shops and beauty parlors.

RAILROADS MADE U. S. GREAT

Rome was a mistress of the world solely because all roads led to Rome. Britian has been mistress of the seas for more than three hundred years only because having defeated the Spanish Armada, she has controlled during that period the instrumentalities of transportation on the high seas.

The application of steam to transportation marked the greatest single step forward in human civilization that had occurred in 40 centuries. It was the development of the railroad system of the United States, and that alone, that made it possible to extend the confines of our great republic from ocean to ocean. The greatest single economic value of railroad transportation to human society is the fact that it removes the artificial advantages of geographic location and enables a country that spreads over a continent to develop consistently all the territory within its jurisdiction.

But for the application of steam, but for the development of the greatest railroad system of the known world, the population of the United States today would be along our ocean frontiers and our inland waterways.—*The Nation's Business.*

Norfolk Wants Station

Richmond and Norfolk Fighting For Air Station—Chamber of Commerce Aids

Norfolk, Va., March 7.—Business interests in Norfolk are preparing to lock horns with Richmond in the efforts to make this city one of the landing places for the proposed airship line from New York to the Gulf, which is being projected in Washington. The Norfolk Chamber of Commerce today took the matter under consideration and is awaiting developments. It plans to throw its influence behind the proposition.

Several Norfolk business men and bankers have been approached with regard to the financial end of the plan, but they are non-committal as to whether or not they have actually invested in the scheme. If they do it is believed their influence will be felt in obtaining the station for this city.

Winchester—An old hand fire engine, presented to the Sarah Zane Fire Company in 1840 by Miss Sarah Elizabeth Zane, is to be presented to the National Museum in Washington, according to a resolution adopted by the company Saturday night. It is a small engine that ha dto be pumped by hand, and is said to be one of very few of the kind now in existence and well preserved.

ARE YOU THIN AND SCRAWNY?

The Bones of the Body Were Not Intended to Show Cover Them With Flesh

Nobody wants to be called "fat," but even fat people are better off than those unfortunates who are so painfully thin that they have that "scrawny" look. Especially is this true of women The rounded figure is the figure of health and beauty. If you are too thin you can add solid, firm flesh by taking Gude's Pepto-Mangan with your meals for a few weeks. It will put you in better health and Nature will restore you to your normal weight. Pepto-Mangan itself does not add weight but it does build up health. You won't be thin and scrawny if you are well. Get it of your druggist. He sells it in both liquid and tablet form. Advertisement.

The Baby's Habits

During his first few months crying is a child's only means of expression, and he quickly learns to make effective use of his limited opportunities. It is important for the mother to distinguish between crying caused by pain, illness or hunger and crying caused by temper. These cries are more or less distinctive, but no one can be sure in every case just what a crying baby is attempting to express.

A cry caused by hunger is fretful and often interrupted by sucking the thumb; it ceases when the child is fed. A cry caused by indigestion is similar; the child is relieved for a short time by feeding but soon begins to cry again. If he has acute pain, such as earache, the cry is sharp, repeated at frequent intervals and accompanied by other symtoms of distress, such as restlessness, contraction of the features and drawing up the legs. In serious illness the cry is usually feeble, fairly constant except when the child is asleep and exaggerated by slight causes.

A limited amount of crying is useful exercise for the baby and should not distress his mother unduly. Moreover, crying may be merely the expression of a wish to be taken up, to be played with, carried about or otherwise amused, to be given a pacifier or to be indulged in other bad habits. If not indulged in these ways he may from temper. The cry of temper is loud and violent, accompanied by vigorous kicking or by holding the body rigid. Proper treatment of a baby when he cries this way may prevent many months of discomfort and spare him the formation of his bad habit. All other possible causes of crying except temper should first be eliminated. Then, according to Holt, if the child continues to cry when he is warm and dry and comfortable, he should simply be allowed to cry it out. This often requires an hour and in extreme cases two or three hours. A second struggle will seldom last more than ten or fifteen minutes and a third will rarely be necessary.

Gas may form in the childs stomach during prolonged crying. It is consequently permissible to take him up after 15 minutes and hold him erect; he generally expels gas at once and immediately experiences relief. As soon as he experiences relief he should go back to his crib. It is much easier at the time for his mother to take the baby and give him what he wants, but by doing so she is storing up trouble for herself and the baby. The child who learns that he can get what he wants by crying for it forms in one hour bad habits that it will take years to break him of and the mother will discover too late that she has allowed him to establish a tyranny that she will have a hard time to break.

The Boss—"I'm afraid you are not qualified for the position; you don't know anything about my business."

Applicant—"Don't I, though! I am engaged to your stenographer."—*Boston Transcript.*

THE LAKE SCHOOL
Stenography and Typewriting
417 Southern Bldg.
Washington, D. C.
Day and Night Classes.
Enroll at any time. Individual and class instructions. Speed dictation. Main 7519.

Advertising
Forceful English sculptured in type to tell your story and sell your product - - -
SAMSON SERVICE
Strength in Advertising
MAIN 1969 F. ROMER President

LOOKING FOR SATISFACTION?
You Can Find It In Our Watch and Jewelry Repair Service
R. C. ACTON & SONS
606 King Street

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON RESTAURANT
726 King Street
Alexandria's Leading Restaurant
Good Service Reasonable Prices
Club Sandwiches a Specialty
Everything Neat and Clean

ESSENTIALS IN SELECTING YOUR BANKING HOME
STRENGTH
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $ 465,000.00
Deposits $1,800.000.00
SERVICE
Our facilities are most modern. Our employees courteous and anxious to please
MANAGEMENT
OFFICERS
EDWARD L. DAINGERFIELD President
CARROLL PIERCE Vice-President
RICHARD M. GREEN Assistant Vice-President
URBAN S. LAMBERT Vice-President and Cashier
DIRECTORS
Edward L. Daingerfield Carroll Pierce
Worth Hulfish John M. Johnson
J. Clinton Smoot Urban S. Lambert
Arthur H. Bryant
TRUST DEPARTMENT UNDER FEDERAL SUPERVISION
Carroll Pierce, Trust Officer
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

I Am Eating Better Sleeping Better and Feeling Better Than In Years, Thanks to
TANLAC
It built me up nine pounds in three weeks. This is the statement of Mrs. Bessie Roberts, 1002 Laurel St., W. Tampa, Fla. Chronic indigestion, gastritis, rheumatism, weakness and similar complaints seldom fail to disappear entirely when you take Tanlac. It builds you up and enables you to throw off disease. At all good druggists.

SWAN BROS
ALEXANDRIA'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORE
King and Pitt Sts. Alexandria, Va.

Many new and Attractive Remnant Bargains Thursday at very special prices.

1000 yards 15c unbleached cotton, forty inches wide, only 10 yards to a customer. Remnant price yard 10c
39c Women's brown Burson Hose, Remnant Price pair 25c
Fifty dozen heavy Huck Towels Remnant price 2 for 25c
Fifty dozen 35c Women's Lisle Vests, regular and large sizes. Remnant price each 25c
Ten dozen Women's white voile Waists, Remnant price each 98c
Four dozen $1.25 children's White Middy Blouses. Remnant price each 98c
$4.98 Women's heavy Bath Robes. Remnant price each $3.25
$6.98 and $7.50 Women's Bath Robes, Remnant price each $4.98
Ten dozen Women's $1.50 Porch Aprons. Remnant price each 98c
$1.50 Misses Jumper Dresses. Remnant price each $1.19
69c Women's pink nainsook Gowns. Remnant price each 49c
20c bleached Cotton. Remnant price yard 15c
One $25.00 blue silk covered Comfort lambs wool filling. Remnant price $18.50
One hundred package white Cheese Cloth, 5 yards to the package. Remnant price each 39c

Special Remnant Values For Men and Boys Thursday

25 dozen Men's New Spring Shirts, with soft cuffs, all sizes, special price Thursday each $1.00
One case Men's New Balbriggan Under Shirts and Drawers, special price Thursday, each 39c
Men's regular $1.50 gray part wool spring weight Under Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, special price Thursday, each $1.00
50 dozen Men's good quality black Hose, special price Thursday, 2 pair for 25c
10 dozen Men's V neck muslin Night Robes, $1.00 quality, special price Thursday, each 75c
One lot Adler's $2.50 and $3.00 brown and grey Suede Dess Gloves, all sizes, special Thur. pair $1.75
18 pair Men's black and brown unlined Auto Gauntlets, which sold for $3.00, $3.50 and $5.00, special price Thursday pair $1.98
14 pair Sweet Orr, Men's Khaki Pants, sold for $5.00 and $6.00, special price Thursday, pair . $3.98
20 dozen Arrow and Earl and Wilson laundered collars, discontinued styles, special price, Thursday each 10c
All E. and W. 25c and 35c soft collars, special price Thursday, 2 for 25c
One Man's $18.00 gray lined Raincoat, just the weight for spring wear, special Thursday .. $12.50
Regular 50c Paris Men's wide and narrow Garters, special price Thursday, pair 35c
25 dozen Men's good quality blue work Shirts, collars attached, all sizes, Thursday, each 69c
25 dozen Men's 35c all linen handkerchiefs, special price Thursday 25c each, the dozen $2.75
One Man's fine quality light weight heather Sweater, reduced from $7.50 to $2.98
25 dozen Boy's blue, khaki and percale blouses, all sizes, special price Thursday, each 49c
Boy's 20c and 25c soft and laundered Collars, special price Thusday, 2 for 25c
One lot Boy's $1.00 Neck Band Shirts, all sizes, special price Thursday each 69c

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Mrs. Theodore Cook continues quite sick at her home in Queen street.

Miss Virginia Leith spent the week end in Leesburg.

Mr. Raymond Noonan, of this city, spent the week end at Leesburg.

Sarepta Lodge, No. 46, I. O. O. F. will confer the first degree of the order at its regular meeting tonight.

Mid-week prayer services will be held in the various churches of the city tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Smith announce the birth of a daughter, at their home, 312 South Pitt street.

The championship of High School basketball will be settled in the Armory Hall tonight at 8 o'clock as will be seen elsewhere in these columns.

Mrs. George H. Schwarzmann and daughter, Mrs. Lillian N. Yost, have returned to this city after having spent several weeks in Atlantic City.

The Rev. Dr. Jabez Backus, of Washington, will preach in Grace Church tonight at 8 p. m.

The ladies of Samarian Rebekah Lodge are holding a rummage sale at the corner of Cameron and Fayette streets. This sale is for the benefit of the lodge.

Miss Mildred S. Lloyd, of North Columbus street, left this morning for North Carolina, where she was called on account of illness of her grandmother.

Mrs. Katherine H. Eaton, wife of John H. Eaton, died this morning at her residence, 912 Duke street. She is survived by several children. Mrs. Eaton's death followed a long illness.

Mrs Mary Stuart, mother of Mrs. W. F. Stuart of 513 South Washington street, this city died Monday at Johnstown, Pa., and was buried this afternoon at Darkesville, W. Va.

Mrs. Mary Riley, of St. Elmo, who has been quite sick for the past month with pneumonia, is reported as improving rapidly. She is not able to be out, however.

The infant son of Mr and Mrs. J. L. Page of this city, returned home Monday after undergoing an operation at the Alexandria Hospital. He is rapidly improving.

"Way Down East," is coming to the Richmond Theatre soon. The date of its showing has not been made public yet, but it is understood that it will be soon.

Tonight a big evangelistic meeting will be held at the Methodist Protestant Church. The pastor will speak. There will be a good song service at 7:45, and everybody is welcome.

Mr. William L. Lipps has returned from a trip to Savannah, Georgia. Mr. Lipps was accompanied to that city by his wife and little daughter, who are still visiting Mrs. Lipps' parents in that city.

Tonight at 8 o'clock the monthly service of prayer and Christian Healing will be conducted by Rev. P. F. Hall in St. Paul's Church. Prayers for the sick will be offered on request.

Rev. Walter Buchanan, a missionary of Japan, will deliver an address at the prayer meeting service of the Second Presbyterian Church this evening. It is expected that a large congregation will hear him.

City Engineer E. C Dunn tonight at 8 o'clock will deliver an address before the retail merchants' bureau of the chamber of commerce in which he will tell of the receipts and disbursements of the city compared to that of other cities in Virginia.

The meeting of the automobile bureau of the chamber of commerce to have been held last night will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon instead when a director to the chamber of commerce will be chosen.

Today and tomorrow the Richmond Theater is showing an all star cast in "Love Never Dies," also a Toonerville comedy. The Ingomar has a rare picture entitled "Whispering Women." The Idle Hour has "The Hunting of The Hawk" and a Mutt and Jeff comedy.

Mt. Vernon Council, No. 1, Daughters of America, will hold its regular meeting tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock. Five dollars in gold will also be raffled off at this meeting and al members who have chances are requested to turn them in at this meeting.

Mr. Mortimer Lemmel is in this city spreading broadcast "The World Book" which is edited by Professor O'Shea, of the University of Wisconsin. This is the book from which, according to Mr. Lemmel, Thomas A. Edison got his famous list of examination questions.

All is in readiness for the Glee Club concert to be held in the Westminster Building, Friday evening, March 10. The club is composed of 65 members, among whom is Miss Elsa L. Raner, violinist, a pupil of Neobold Auer of New York. The concert is under the auspices of Mrs S. H. Fields' circle of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Second Presbyterian Church.

Bible Thought for Today

Better is a dry morsel, and quietness therewith, than a house full of sacrifices with strife.—Proverbs 17:1.

NEWS IN THE GAZETTE
108 Years Ago

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE

Commercial and Political

TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 1814

Captain Darby Allen, of the British Navy, has maue a rude attack on Com. Rodger in a British paper, and concludes in the following manner:—"And that Com. Rodgers may not altogether condemn the humble name of Darby Allen he may be assured that the writer of this letter is of equal rank to himself, in a much smaller ship than the President, but would be very happy to have an opportunity of making himself better known to him.

An interesting and inspiring meeting was held at the M. E. Church, South, Friday afternoon. A joint session representing the several Missionary Societies of the city gathered for the day of prayer set aside by the Federation of Women's Boards of Foreign Missions of North America. This was the third annual meeting and was presided over by three leaders.

GIRLS WIN TOO

A. H. S. Girls are Now Co-champions With Boys For Second District

Women will not be outdone by men, neither will girls be outdone by boys.

The girls' basket ball team of the Alexandria High School claims the championship of the second athletic district of the state on the grounds of having defeated every team in the district. They clinched their title last night when they defeated the Manassas High School girls by the score of 23 to 11 The game was easy for the local girls, and at no time were they in danger of losing it.

The result of this game was telegraphed into the headquarters at Charlottesville this morning, but as yet the local team has not received an assignment for a game in the semi-finals of the state championship series.

Girls Lose, Boys Win

The Navy Yard girls sprang a surprise on the Friends Sextette last evening at the Armory Hall by defeating them by score 22 to 20.

It was no disgrace to lose this game as the young ladies from Washington were so large that the Friends did well to hold them to such a tight score.

Navy Yard scored fast and got a lead of five points before the Friends got busy and at the end of the first half the Friends led by the score of 10 to 9.

The second half was nip and tuck first one and then the other leading, Miss Kearney the Navy Yard six footer, was the star for the visitors and won the game by her clever work at free goals making 8 out of 10 tries.

The preliminary game was a walk over for the boys, they walked away from the Washington Preps from the start, winning handy by the score of 27 to 12.

With a little more practice the championship games between these lads and the fast Oriole aggregation should prove interesting.

JUDGE MONCURE MAKES ANSWER TO CHARGES

(Continued from Page One.)

course for the accomplishment of their designs as to himself although they well knew the city of Alexandria was being injured and being held up to public ridicule.

Plan of Assassination

Judge Moncure further called attention to the fact that this campaign of abuse and falsehood, he had learned had been in preparation for several months, that is, since he, Judge Moncure, had had difficulty with Stuart because of the latter using liquor when he, Stuart, ran for the office of Civil and Police Justice, and that a young man by the name of Harvey L. Cobb, who is a reporter for the said newspaper had for some months been preparing his list of scandalous, untrue articles, and that it was planned to publish these articles of filth, libel and abuse just as the Legislature of Virginia convened and without forewarning of any sort so that the public might be misled, and so that Judge Moncure might be defeated, if possible, without giving him a chance to defend himself.

After Judge Moncure's introductory remarks he announced to the Committee that he would make his statements under three general heads, towit:

1. The specific cases about which there has been controversy and many of which have been knowingly and grossly misrepresented by the Washington newspapers.
2. His relationship with Stuart up to the present time.
3. The general divorce situation and the remedies.

Specific Cases

Judge Moncure then took up the specific cases one by one, and gave the details and showed the wilful falsity of the publication concerning them in the newspaper and in the charges made by Stuart. In a case where it is carged the Judge promised a divorce it was shown the Judge made the parties marry to save the honor of the woman and child, and that in the same spirit one of the prominent ministers of the city performed the ceremony. In another case, represented by Stuart, where the woman lived with the brother of Mary L. Baggett, upon investigation by Judge Moncure, and requiring the same to be heard in open court the woman left the City of Alexandria, and directed Stuart to drop the case, which does not yet appear to have been done. In another case where the Judge was charged with holding court in a kitchen it was shown that the Judge refused to continue the case, as one of the attorneys had gone to some trouble to have his witnesses present in court, but for the accommodation of all parties went to the home of one of the witnesses so that the full truth might be known without delay and upon the testimony of this witness dismissed the case. In another case where Stuart charged the Judge attempted to have the parties take an absolute divorce, it was shown that many months before Judge Moncure went on the Bench, Judge Barley had granted a limited decree and an allowance to the woman of Ten Dollars per month for the support of the child. The parties were a widow and widower, each with families. Stuart asked that he be allowed a fee, although the costs and fees had theretofore been paid, and endeavored to subject the property of the man acquired by him after the limited divorce, and to get alimony for the woman, although alimony had not been allowed in the former limited decree.. Judge Moncure increased the allowance for the child, but dismissed the other motions and refused to hear scandalous testimony and an anonymous letter which Mr. Stuart insisted on injecting although immaterial to the case. In another case where Stuart charged the Judge with attempting to make a client obtain an absolute decree of divorce it was shown that long before Judge Moncure went on the Bench, Judge Barley had granted a limited divorce and an alimony allowance, although nothing had ever actually been collected thereon. It was shown in this case that Judge Moncure refused to send a man proven to be sick to jail in order to gratify the malice of a wife, but that the Judge told the man that if he did not go to work upon recovery he would put him in jail, and since that time the man has been living on a Government Reservation and could not be reached by the court.

The Judge called attention to the fact that in what is known as the famous Wright case he had refused to give the coustody of the child to a man who had been convicted several times of crimes of turpitude and although in this case the Washington newspaper charged certain papers had been forged, a reputable attorney of Alexandria stated he had represented Wright in the case and had signed the paper in question, and Wright's letter had been produced that he was fully aware of the suit and himself anxious for a divorce. Stuart stated that Wright had voluntarly come to him in seeking the arrest of Mary L Baggett, but it was shown on cross-examination and the production of his own letter that Stuart had sought out Wright and solicited him to come to his office and had taken him around to the Police Justice to swear put the warrant. Wright, who sometime since appeared before the Bar Association Committee and was broken down on cross-examination on Monday, appeared before the Police Court with Stuart as his attorney, who prosecuted the warrant against Mrs. Baggett, taking nearly the entire day. The Civil and Police Justice after hearing the evidence against Mrs. Baggett, and the argument of Stuart, dismissed the case for lack of evidence.

In the Butler divorce case it was shown from the court records, and witnesses that Stuart had acted both as attorney, who took the testimony and the official before whom it was taken, and that he had added to the typewritten testimony in his own hand writing. In this case it was shown that Stuart also certified in his handwriting as present, another attorney who was not actually present.

In the case of a prominent business man charged with a misdemeanor at the Ball Park in which the decision was criticized by Stuart, although he was in no wise connected with the case, it was shown that the Judge of the court reduced a large fine to the usual fine for this order, and entered an order prohibiting officers from violently arresting and man-handling people without proper authority or just cause, and the Judge called attention to the fact that the officer whom he centured was the same officer who appeared before the Bar Association Committee and gave evidence against him alleging political activities.

It was also shown that in two cases in which Stuart was interested and either actually or tentatively sought to obtain divorces, the Judge advised reconciliation, and at this time the respective parties are living together. The Judge referred to another case giving the place of residence and witness in which Stuart represents the Party where his client is now seeking to establish a residence by coming to Alexandria occasionally. In other cases in which Stuart was counsel, and criticized the action of the court it was shown that the records therein are missing when the papers were last in the possession of Stuart, who in order to attempt to win cases made a point of the loss of the records. In another case where Stuart was attorney, although such practice has been considerably criticized by a Washington newspaper, and Stuart himself, it was shown that a notice to a non-resident was sent to an address in Alexandria but a few blocks from his office and that Stuart never attempted to get any other notice or information to the absent defendant.

Relationship With Stuart

It was shown by the Judge's testimony that Stuart and his family had occupied the Judge's summer residence free of rent for five or six months after arriving in Alexandria, Virginia, from Westmoreland County. That Stuart had been an unsuccessful office seeker before coming to Alexandria where he also ran for Civil and Police Justice according to a Circular Letter sent by him to the Women Voters upon a reform and moralist platform.

Use of Liquor at Election

Judge Moncure then told of the interview in his office in the presence of former Police Justice, William S. Snow, in which Stuart confessed to having and using liquor in the said election in violation of law, which Mr. Snow corroborated, and which Stuart either refused to admit or deny at a former hearing. Judge Moncure also told of being grossly insulted and abused by Stuart at that interview and that Stuart had defied the law, dared him to arrest or prosecute him, and became very violent and abusive. It was admitted by Stuart at a former hearing that he went to the Judge's office armed and intended to blot out the Judge's life if the Judge had resented his insults. In the interview at Judge Moncure's office Stuart stated that he had always heard, before he moved away from Westmoreland County that the City of Alexandria was one of the most corrupt spots in the world and that this divorce condition was a matter of national scandal, and in his testimony to day Judge Moncure called attention to the fact that at that time he was not on the Bench, and he asked why Mr. Stuart should desire to come to a place that bore that reputation, and why Stuart himself engaged in divorce practice.

Infested Moncure's Office.

Judge Moncure also called attention to the fact that until he was insulted by Stuart that Stuart continually hung around his public office, and court room, although he had little or no business, and displayed unwarranted interest in other people's cases and insisted on discussing the way in which he would or would not have handled the cases, had he been employed and in making commnts upon and criticizing general propositions of law and decisions of the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia.

The Judge further testified that as a friend he advised Stuart that this was a wasting of his, Stuart's, time, and did not create a good impression upon the other people, and advised Stuart to stay in his office and attend to such business and collections as came his way. The judge also offered Stuart the position of Collector of Delinquent Capitation Taxes.

Attack Originally Started by Stuart

Judge called the attention of the committee and published to the fact that the interceview in his office over the liquor at the election was not the beginning of the trouble with Stuart, but that prior to the election for Civil and Police Justice, and during the Campaign, that Stuart had attacked him by a vicious libelous letter and cartoon. Judge Moncure also stated that Stuart while living at the Judge's Country home had also boasted to him of trouble he had had with the Judge of the Circuit Court of the County from whence he came, and that he had carried a pistol while attending that court. Judge Moncure al so stated emphatically that he never advised Stuart to take up the divorce practice and denounced Stuart's statement as unqualifiedly untrue.

Judge Moncure Refers to Ministers

Judge Moncure stated that he was very glad indeed that many of the Ministers of the City were present at the hearing citing the words of Nicodemus and St. Paul that no man should be condemned without being heard, and stated that he felt confident that those injunctions would control the ministers in their comment upon the situation.

Lost Papers

Judge Moncure in his testimony referred to the fact that in several cases in which Stuart was interested either as attorney or in connection with the charges he has sought to sustain, papers have disappeared, and in certain divorce suits that the Washington newspaper had commented upon the disappearance and by innuendo had connected the disappearance with persons other than Mr. Stuart. The Judge further called the attention of the Committee to the fact that it was highly improbable that such other persons would take the papers the loss of which would be detrimental to them. The Judge stated this caused him to make the order that Mr. Stuart should only be allowed to exmine papers in the office of the Clerk, or if he withdrew papers from the office, a list thereof should be made and a receipt therefor given by him.

Today's Testimony

Judge Robinson Moncure resumed his statement before the bar association committee investigating the divorce conditions in Alexandria, at 11:30 this morning. When the committee took a recess at 1 o'clock for luncheon, the judge announced that at the afternoon session he would take up the matter of the large number af persons claiming residence with Mrs. Mary L. Baggett, and also take up the articles which appeared in a Washington newspaper.

Before beginning his statement as to the actual divorce conditions, the judge stated that he wished to call the attention of the committee to the action taken in police court. Justice Duvall presiding, in which Attorney Frank Stuart was fined for contempuous, abusive and profane language directed toward a justice of the peace of Arlington County. He only mentioned this, the judge said, to show the general regard Mr. Stuart held for officers holding judicial positions.

He also referred to statements made before the committee vesterday by Robert F. Downham in regard to certain alleged political activities of Judge Moncure. The judge reiterated his right to take an active part in politics, stating that was his right as an American citizen, saying that he had been connected with politics ever since he had been in Alexandria, and expected to retain his interest in the future. He cited some instances in which he and Mr. Downham had disagreed in matters of business, and referred to Mr. Downham's disapproval of his course while a member of the State legislature.

The judge also called attention to the report of the subcommittee which showed that for a period of two years before he became judge of the corporation court, his law firm had handled 33 divorce cases in the circuit court and three cases in the corporation court, stating that when this is considered in comparison with the number of suits filed by various lawyers, it would be seen to be a very small number. "The purpose of a lawyer hanging out his shingle," he said, "is to get business; this was a legitimate busines. It is the man who is regarded as a live wire who gets the business."

He also referred to a case in which Attorney Robert Thomas was paid a fee of $75 for a report as commissioner in the case of Lyons vs. Stoner Commercial Company. He stated that according to the usual manner of arriving at the remuneration for such work this report would have represented 75 hours of work, whereas the report covered only four pages of typewriting, but as there was no objection on the part of the opposing attorneys, he allowed the fee. Judge Barley called attention to the fact that a report is usualy not an indication of the amount of work spent upon its preparation, and Mr. Boothe stated that he was thoroughly familiar with this particular case, having been attorney in the case, and that he had not protested the fee.

WHEN EVERY MOVE HURTS

Lame every morning, achy and stiff all day, worse when it's damp or chilly? Suspect your kidneys and try the remedy your neighbors use. Ask your neighbor!

Mrs. A. M. Madison, 323 North Royal St., Alexandria, says: "I was so bad off with kidney complaint I had to go to bed. My back hurt me as though I were being pierced with a knife. I couldn't turn from one side to the other, but was just helpless. When I was able to get up around at all I had to have help to do everything. I couldn't even lace my own shoes, and I was so nervous my hand would shake like a leaf when I tried to hold anything. The way my kidneys acted showed they were in bad shape. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Creighton's Drug Store and I was certainly filled with joy before I had used them very long. The misery left me and I felt like myself again."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Madison had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

"In time of trial," said the preacher, "what brings us the greatest comfort?"

"An acquittal," responded a person who should never have been admitted. —*Stanford Chaparral.*

Harrisonburg — Preliminary arrangements have been made for Dr. Sam W. Small, well known Southern evangelist, to speak in Harisonburg, March 28, at the United Brethren Church. Dr. Small has pleased large audiences in Harrisonburg on former occasions by his unique expressions, and ready wit, and it is expected that a large crowd will greet him again.

Hopewell—In spite of the fact that the curfew law was put into effect rather abruptly Thursday night, no offenders have been placed on the police docket so far. Neither are the street corners crowded with small children after 9 o'clock, and this fact makes it look very encouraging for the popularity of the curfew ordinance in Hopewell, if not for its adoption in other cities, who have no such ordinance.

Havana, Cuba, has a new hotel that will accommodate 1,000 guests.

Mexico City has two baseball leagues and ten first-class diamonds.

IN GROWN TOE NAIL TURNS OUT ITSELF

A few drops of "Outgro" upon the skin surrounding the ingrowing nail reduces inflammation and pain and so toughens the tender, sensitive skin underneath the toe nail, that it can not penetrate the flesh, and the nail turns naturally outward almost over night.

"Outgro" is a harmless, antiseptic manufactured for chiropodists. However, anyone can buy from the drug store a tiny bottle containing directions.

HOW TWO WOMEN ESCAPED OPERATIONS

Doctor Advised Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Happy Results in Both Cases

St. Joseph, Missouri.—"Both of my sides swelled and hurt me so that I could not move or do any of my work. There was heavy pressure and pains through my lower organs and the doctor told me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for these troubles. He said I had this one chance, and if the Vegetable Compound did not help me nothing but an operation would. After taking several bottles I felt it was helping me and now I am able to do my own work. If my testimonial will help others I shall be glad for them to read it and hope your Vegetable Compound will do them as much good as it did me." —Mrs. WM. LOCKMAN, 513 N. 4th St., St. Joseph, Mo.

White Plains, N. Y.—"I had such a pain that I could hardly walk and the doctor said that I needed an operation. I was sick for a year before I started taking your medicine and I could not work. I saw your advertisement in a little book and that is how I came to take Lydia E. Pinkham's medicines. I have been taking the Vegetable Compound and Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, also Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and the capsules and prescription recommended. I am doing all my work and have gained twenty pounds. I am taking the medicines still, but I feel fine. You have my permission to use this letter for the good of others." —Mrs. MARY MARK, 37 Hamilton Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

Some female troubles may through neglect reach a stage when an operation is necessary. But most of the commoner ailments are not the surgical ones; they are not caused by serious displacements, tumors, or growths, although the symptoms may appear the same.

When disturbing ailments first appear, take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve the present distress and prevent more serious troubles. Many letters have been received from women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after operations have been advised by attending physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent you free upon request. Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts. This book contains valuable information.

"ALEXANDRIA'S BEST STORE"

MEN'S SUITS PRESSED
The "Manhattan Way" Tomorrow
50c

BENDHEIM'S
Inc.
IRVIN DIENER, Pres.

RAG RUGS
Our Regular 69c Quality
50c

50c--Day--50c
In Our Bargain Basement

There are bargains in our basement at all times, but tomorrow you will find some VERY SPECIAL OFFERINGS, representing excellent values, which spell economy for the thrifty shoppers.

Ladies Silk Hose in plain and drop stitch, brown, black and white, all sizes, a pair 50c
A few odd pieces of winter underwear, a garment 50c
Ladies Night Gowns, 75c value in extra sizes, each 50c
Mixing Bowls, each 50c
2 medium size China Meat Platters, for 50c
One large China Meat Platter 50c
5 China Desert Saucers for .. 50c
5 Bread and Butter Plates for 50c
White China Cuspidors, with gold trimmings, each 50c
Water Glasses in plain and colonial per dozen 50c
Ladies Work Waists, all colors, all sizes, each 50c
Children's Gingham Dresses, each 50c
2 pair Jersey Bloomers, for .. 50c
2 pair Baby Rubber Pants for 50c
Infant's Dresses in long and short each 50c
5 1-2 yard Linen Lace for 50c
3 Gauze Vests for 50c
Ladies Handkerchiefs, per doz. 50c
2 Pillow Cases for 50c
4 Huck Towels for 50c
3 pair Children's Leggins, in blue, red and white for 50c
3 window Shades for 50c
5 1-2 yards Flowered Curtain Scrim for 50c
2 1-2 yards Cretonne for 50c

4 yards Outing Flannel, all colors for 50c
2 1-2 yards Kimono Flannel for 50c
Sold for 39c yard
5 yards Apron gingham in blue and brown for 50c
5 yards Unbleached Cotton for 50c
2 yards Hair Ribbon, all colors for 50c
1 1-2 yards Oil Cloth in brown, blue and white 50c
2 pair Boy's Heavy Ribbed Hose for 50c
pair Ladies Lisle Hose in black, brown and white 50c
2 Wool Scarfs in red and white 50c
3 pair Men's Mitts for 50c
3 pair Ladies Gloves for 50c
2 1-4 yards 29c Shirt Madras, striped 50c
2 1-4 yard Dress Gingham for 50c
3 1-2 yards Dress Gingham, in plaid and stripes 50c
One extra size 75c Turkish Towel for 50c
Oven Glass Dish 75c quality ... 50c
"Floortex" Mats, 3 for 50c

"GLASSWARE"

2 Colonial Vases 50c
2 Octogan Cut Dishes 50c
2 Salad Bowls 50c
2 Celery Holders 50c
3 Ice Tea Glasses 50c
4 Shubert Dishes 50c
5 Custard Cups 50c

TRUSTEES NOT TO BE ELECTED

Robertson Amendment Will Keep Politics Out of School Affairs

District School Boards to be Abolished at End of This Year—County Boards Will Bring Better Results

Richmond, Va., March 8.—Election of school trustees by the people was turned down yesterday by the Senate in adopting an amendment to the Mapp-Goolrick county unit bill. The bill, the second of the big educational measures before the General Assembly, passed by a vote of 29 to 4.

Under the Mapp-Goolrick bill, district school boards are abolished at the end of this year and in their place is set up county school boards. The purpose of the bill, which called for the election of the trustees by popular vote, was to bring educational matters closer home and thereby to create closer co-operation between localities and the State Board of Education.

Senator A. Wallis Robertson, of Rockbridge, proposed the amendment eliminating the election feature on the ground that it would serve tto bring factional politics into school matters. His amendment carried, 23 to 15.

The Senate yesterday morning passed twenty bills, among them being the Corbitt bill permitting the city of Portsmouth to buy and operate practically all public utilities, including gas and electric plants, bus lines and the street railway system, The bill was amended by the committee to eliminate the right to acpuire the properties by condemnation.

AMATEUR DOSING

Amateur dosing, either of one-self or of others, is dangerous in more ways than one. In the first place time is lost. Moreover, symptoms are characteristic; checking or altering them makes it more difficult to find the real trouble. The man with eye-strain who takes one drug to stop his headaches and another to **"cure"** his stomach, is simply delaying the time when properly adjusted glasses will relieve both. In this case the result may not be serious, but such a loss of time in finding the trouble and beginning proper treatment might prove fatal in the case of tuberculosis.

Another objection to the amateur prescription of medicine is that most drugs have more than one effect. Many headache remedies, for example, affect the heart; a dose that is harmless for a normal person may be strong enough to injure seriously a person with a weak heart. A doctor and a doctor alone is competent to decide when and in what quantity medicines will be beneficial because he alone understands both the condition of the patient and all the possible effects of the drug.

In no circumstances should medicine prescribed for one person be taken by another. This rule seems obvious enough; yet every day people pass on their pet remedies to friends, and months after a prescription has been filled what remains of the contents of the bottle is administered to another member of the family whose malady may be entirely different from that for which the medicine was given, regardless of the fact that some medicines deteriorate by standing and others get stronger.

Cathartics, tonics and various drugs to relieve pain sleeplessness are among the remedies most commonly taken without medical advice. Too much cannot be said against the continual use of cathartics. Many of these drugs are irritating, and even when they are not irritating they are harmful, since the body depends more and more upon the drug to do for it what it should be enabled to do for itself by remedying the original cause of the trouble. Licorice powder, cascara, saline cathartics such as Seidlitz powders and Rochelle salts and some others are harmless for occasional use, if occasional is not too liberally interpreted.

Tonics are poor substitutes for proper diet, rest and fresh air. There are some cases, of course, where tonics are necessary, but that is for the doctor to decide, and as a general thing, people persist in taking tonics because they are willing or unable to rest or otherwise change their mode of living.

Medicines to stop pain or to induce sleep are probably the most pernicious of all self-prescribed remedies, for they add to other dangers the possibility of forming drug habits. These habits are so insidious and so powerful that it is not safe to take habit forming drugs even once except by a doctor's direction. In short periods of time strong people, apparently firm in will and character have acquired habits from supposedly moderate use of drugs like morphine, cocaine and alcohol. No one, no matter how sure of his own self-control, can afford to run so grave a risk, and no drugs should be taken except by advice of a competent physician, and then only as the physician orders.

PRICES UNDER PRE-WAR FIGURE

Dodge Brothers Dealer Shows That Improvements More Than Offset Difference

Automobile Industry Commended for Vigorous Effort to Restore

Considering the large number of important improvements that have been made, the latest sharp reductions in the prices of Dodge Brothers Motor Car actually bring them down below the pre-war level, according to J. M. Duncan, the local dealer. To substantiate his contention he pointed first to the car and then to three closely typewritten pages on which some of these improvements were listed.

"The automotive industry deserves a lot of credit for the way itis going after the price question" said Mr. Duncan. "I am not referring to Dodge Brothers alone, even though I believe they have done more than their share, but to the industry as a whole. If manufacturers and retailers in all other lines had taken a similar attitude the public would have been disabused of the profiteering idea long ago and buying would have been back on a normal basis much sooner. I know the public appreciates this, from the way automobiles are selling.

"I ran across an edizorial the other day which expressed my opinion exactly. It was in the Denver Times. I am quite sure that your readers will agree with what it says if you publish it."

Following is the portion of the editorial to which Mr. Duncan referred:

"The automobile industry has adopted heroic methods of restoring business, and has cut prices until they are little short of irresistible. In justice to one of the half dozen leading industris of the nation, it should receiv credit for this policy. In many instances it is said to have brought the cost of the 1922 car down to the price level of 1914, which is more than can be said for the vast majority of industries.

"The fact is particularly upsetting to the average man already owning a car, because every chop in the price of a new model of the make he drives means a straight, proportionate, inescapable reduction in the value of his used car. And there, naturally, is the rub. It is a strange thing that the car owner is willing for the factory to cut the daylights out of its price schedule, but still cherishes an idea that the value of the car he owns is unaffected when he wants to dispose of it or trade it in. Another instance of 'Let George do it.'

"We believe the retail automobile business would be greatly speeded up if the car-owning public, which talks about the high cost of living and the profiteering of merchants, would disabuse its mind of its own unwarranted notions regarding the value of used cars, accept its loss, trade in the old busses at their actual value today and start with a clean slate and not even a regret for the past. There is no known method of sustaining the prices of used cars while the prices of new ones are being slashed, and the sooner the car owner realizes it the quicker business will pick up."

FOREIGN TRADE CONVENTION

More than one hundred trade advisers will be at the service of those who attend the Ninth National Foreign Trade Convention in Philadelphia, May 10th, 11th and 12th, according to plans which have just been announced.

These trade advisers will give information on any foreign trade question, and advice as how best to handle the problem. All of them are business men who have spent years in foreign trade. They will give their information and advice freely and willingly in order to further the best interests of American foreign trade.

Their advice is practia Their desire to help is real and earnest. They will tell inquiries exactly what they want to know—about markets, shipping, finance, sales and advertising methods, and the hundred and one other items that hitherto have been considered obstacles to entering foreign markets. The information that they will give cannot be secured in any other way, and its value cannot be overestimated.

These trade advisers are especially selected from industrial, commedcial and financial institutions throughout the country whose operations have extended to every quarter of the globe. They have been chosen for what they have done, as well as what they know.

It is very evident to any regular attendant at business conferenees that the average man hesitates to get up in open sessions and ask the questions which ar e on his mind and which are of the most interest to him. Sometimes his problem is too personal to be discussed openly; sometimes he is mbarrassed lest he ask a question that might be thought foolish.

It is to meet this situation and tc provide for practical and detailed consultation on personal problems that this trade adviser service was organized.

A special delegation of Government experts from Washington will also be available for consultation. Consuls, commercial attaches, trade commissioners, economic and statistical experts will be at the service of all delegates to the Convention.

MARINES COME TO AID OF ARMY

Washington, The spirit of cooperation between the regular branches of the military establishment was evidenced by orders from the Major General Commandant of the Marine Corps to his recruiting service to lend every assistance to the regular army' plans for the Citizens' Military Training Camps for the coming summer Applications for the camps that will be held in the nine Army Corps areas by the War Department will be received at the recruiting stations of the Marine Corps; information distributed; and the naval medical officers attached to the recruiting stations will take care of the physical examination of the youngsters who apply for enrollment. The acceptance of applicants will cover the period between April 1 and May 31.

Danville—Mrs. Ruby Shelton Higgins, wife of Frank Higgins, superintendent of the local street car company, committed suicide at 12 o'clock today at her home in North Danville. She went into the bathroom with her revolver and shot herself through the head. Other relatives, hearing the report, rushed into the room and found her in a serious condition. She died in a hospital an hour later.

She—"He always was a bad egg, but nobody seemed to notice it while he was rich."

He—"Yes, he was all right until he was broke!"—*London Mail.*

Biggs—"Her teeth are like the stars."

Jiggs—"Why?"

Biggs—"They come out every night."—*The Boys' Magazine.*

Get Your Free

$1.00 PACKAGE OF GENUINE YEAST VITAMINE TABLETS from your druggist today.

If you are thin and emaciated and wish something to help you put on flesh and increase your weight, Yeast Vitamine Tablets should be used in connection with organic Nuxated Iron. Without organic iron, both food and Vitamines are absolutely useless, as your body cannot change inert, lifeless food into living cells and tissue unless you have plenty of organic iron in your blood. Organic iron takes up oxygen from your lungs. This oxygenated organic iron unites with your digested food as it is absorbed into your blood just as fire unites with coal or wood, and by so doing it creates tremendous power and energy. Without organic iron in your blood your food merely passes thru your body without doing you any good.

Arrangements have been made with the druggists of this city to give every reader of this paper a large $1.00 package of Genuine Yeast Vitamine Tablets absolutely free with every purchase of a bottle of Nuxated Iron.

NUXATED IRON
For Red Blood, Strength and Endurance

The Blue Ribbon Shoe Repairing Shop

The only Blue Ribbon Shop in Town

Frank Shapiro, Prop.

Do not throw away your old shoes because new ones are cheap!

Bring us your old shoes and we will fix them like new.

We use the best Leather

Give us a trial and you will find that we repair your shoes at the cheapest prices.

Send a postal and we will call for the work.

We also sell new and second hand shoes

407 King Street
Alexandria, Va.

To-NIGHT Tomorrow Alright

BILIOUSNESS—SICK HEADACHE, call for an NR Tablet, (a vegetable aperient) to tone and strengthen the organs of digestion and elimination. Improves Appetite, Relieves Constipation.

Get a 25c Box Your Druggist

Used for over 30 Years

Chips off the Old Block

NR JUNIORS — Little NRs

One-third the regular dose. Made of same ingredients, then candy coated. For children and adults.

LEADBEATER DRUG CORP.

HUGO HERFURTH, Jr.
General Contractor
Cement Work a Specialty
278-tf.

Dr. R. F. CLARK
Osteopathic Physician
Apt 1, 'The Henly' Hrs. 6 to 9 p. m.
by Appointment
719 King Street Phone 27
14-26p.

S. S. S. Fills Out Hollow Cheeks, Thin Limbs!

Men and women,—whether you will ever build yourself up to your normal, just-right weight depends on the number of blood-cells in your blood. That's all there is to it. It's a scientific fact. If your blood-cell factory isn't working right, you will be run-down, thin, your blood will be in disorder, and perhaps your face will be broken out with pimples, blackheads and eruptions. S. S. S. keeps your blood-cell factory working full time. It helps build new blood-cells. That's why S. S. S. builds up thin, run-down people, it puts firm flesh on your bones, it rounds out your face, arms neck, limbs, the whole body. It puts the "pink" in your checks. It takes the hollowness from the eyes, and it fools Father Time by smoothing out wrinkles in men and women by "plumping" them up. S. S. S. is a remarkable blood-purifier. While you are getting plump, your skin eruptions, pimples, blackheads, acne, rheumatism, rash, tetter, blotches are being removed. The medicinal ingredients of S. S. S. are guaranteed purely vegetable. S. S. S. is sold at all drug stores, in two sizes. The larger size is the more economical.

"Has this fellow no feeling of his business?
—Shakespeare

COMMONPLACE, uninteresting — so the restaurant business seems to you, perhaps. But to us it has the qualities of an art. An improved flavor, a bettered service, a richer brown to a roast, a perfected pastry—these are as dawns, vistas and tints in painting to an artist, superior expressions of genius. By this pride we insure your pleasure when you lunch in Washington. Come!

WALLIS'
"Washington's Largest Restaurant"
12 and G Sts. N. W.
Washington, D. C.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Richmond TODAY

LOVE NEVER DIES

Usual Added Attractions and Orchestra Music Each Evening.

IngomaR TODAY

"Whispering Women"
With
Pathe News

TOMORROW

Super Film Company
Presents
Mary Anderson in
"Too Much Wife"
With Single Reel Comedy

Ironing Is a Pleasure

if you are using one of our

Simplex Electric Irons

We also have many convenient Electrical Appliances as listed below.

Waffle Irons
Curling Irons
Grills and Toasters

J. KENT WHITE
Electrical Engineer
502 King St. Alex., Va.

Idle Hour

Today

The Hunting of the Hawk
Diamond Queen
Nos. 17 and 18
Mutt and Jeff Comedy

TOMORROW

All Comedy Day
"Short and Snappy"
Tweedie in Moving
Hall Room Boys
"At Your Service"
Harold Lloyd in
"Sad Sea Waves"

RICHMOND

---Coming---

Idle Hour

Great Moments in a Great Picture

The Tango

It is a dance of the hot countries, a dance of tropic passion: at first seductively slow, then abruptly changing to steps of lightning quickness and lithe grace. You cannot have known how the tango can be danced until you have seen

Metro's
Rex Ingram Production
THE FOUR HORSEMEN Of the Apocalypse
Adapted by June Mathis from Blasco Ibañez's Novel

Three Days Starting TUESDAY, MARCH 14

Special Symphony Orchestra At 3:30 and 8:30 P. M.

FOUR TIMES DAILY
1:00 P. M.—3:30 P. M.—6:00 P. M.—8:30 P. M.

Will Not Be Shown at Any Other Theatre

POLI'S
! TONIGHT !

Matinees Thursday and Saturday

MARGARET ANGLIN

"An Actress Without a Peer in America"
IN HER SENSATIONAL SUCCESS
THE WOMAN of BRONZE
(Direction of Lee Shubert)

NEXT WEEK—"Main Street."

For Best Results Use

GAZETTE

Classified Columns

WANTED

WANTED—A WHITE WOMAN TO care for three children; stay nights; $5 week. Apply 902 Prince St. 57-1p

GIRL WANTED FOR WORK IN FAMily of two, who will stay nights; good home. 510 Cameron street, Alexandria, Va. 57-1p

MAN WITH EXPERIENCE WISHES position on farm or orchard. Can manage both. Write or call after 5 p. m. to 2028 Duke St., Alexandria, Va. 26-2p

REFINED YOUNG LADY WANTS room and board, if possible in private family Box 600, Gazette. 56-2p

WANTED—100 PERSONS TO EAT IN The Virginia Lunch, 403 King street. 55-6c

SALESMEN WANTED — SALESMEN to cover local territory selling dealers. Guaranteed salary of $100 week for right man. The Commercial Radium Co., Fifth Ave. Bldg., New York. 55-5p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—HOUSE 6 ROOMS, 508 Oronoco street. Apply Mrs. J. P. Guinn, 112 North Columbus street. 57-tf

FOR RENT—APARTMENT 5 ROOMS. All modern conveniences. Apply 920 King street. 57-4c

FOR RENT — APARTMENTS AND rooms. Furnished or unfurnished. Apply 213 North Pitts St. 57-4p

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE APARTment, North Patrick street; 4 rooms and bath, with all conveniences, to reliable parties. Apply to W. F. Smith, 116 North Fairfax street. 56-3p

FOR RENT—At 303 Cameron street, apartment, 4 rooms and bath; rent reasonable. 56-2p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—8-FOOT NICKEL-PLATED case, cheap. Apply Shuman's Bakery, 516 King street. 56-2c

FOR SALE—ONE HUPMOBILE 1916, 1 new back end. Four Mile Run Garage. 56-2p

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; R. I. Reds, 75c a dozen, $6 per hundred also 240-egg incubator, $10 Ralph Elliott, Braddock, Va. Phone 696-W-Va. 54-3p

FOR SALE—LUNCH ROOM FIXTURES. Selling out on account of bad health. Apply 413 Cameron street. 57-2p

FOR SALE—ONE OIL STOVE, 1 PAIR crutches, new, $1.75; 1 bed, new; 1 washstand, 1 small table, and lots of other things, cheap. Apply 108 South St. Asaph street. 57-1p

FOR SALE

A small country place, 1 1-2 miles from Alexandria, on Macadam road Modern brick home, garage, barn, and other buildings. Price much below real value, $1,000 down, balance secured by trust.

MORRIS L. HORNER
612 King Street
51-26c.

INCOME TAX

Returns must be made before March 15, 1922.
See J. FRED BIRRELL. He'll prepare them for you
Office 112 North St. Asaph Street
Home Phone 1210-M Phone 186
Open Nights 7:30 to 9:00 P. M.
53-6p.

The New York Bargain House
formerly of 411 King Street temporary located at 132 North Royal Street.
37-tf.

WANTED—You to know that Wolfson's Tailor Shop has moved from 307 King street to 310 King street. Phone 1097.
38-26c

Bargains in Used Cars
FORD, DODGE
CHEVROLET
Time Payments Arranged
AERO AUTO CO., Inc.
1101 King Street
Alex, Va. Phone 820

FOR SALE

1200 Block, King St., store room, 6 rooms and bath apartment above, near the new school building, for quick sale $6,400; $2,200 cash, balance arranged.

Vacant lot, 32x90, across from new school building, good for small store catering to school children.

Duke street, 3 1-2 acres of land; ideal chicken farm; real pretty site for home.

For rent, 7 rooms and bath; heat and water free. 920 King street.
Apply to
WELCH & PURDHAM,
224 No. Patrick St.
Phone 1228. 53-2c

FOR SALE

WOOD—Stove length, $12.00 per cord. Call 776 or 268.
6-tf. ROBERT ARNOLD

"Yes," said the old man to his visitor, "I am proud of my girls and would like to see them comfortably married, and as I have made a little money they will not go penniless to their husbands. There is Mary, 25 years old, and a really good girl. I shall give her $1,000 when she marries. Then comes Bet, who won't see 35 again. I shall give her $3,000, and the man who takes Eliza, who is 40, will have $5,000 with her." The young man reflected a moment and then asked, "You haven't one about 50, have you?"—*Glasgow Herald.*

I have finished making a large assortment of trousers. See my line of spring samples for that new suit.

H. C. SMITH
919 King Street
45-26c.

NOTICE

I will buy all kinds of gents clothing, send a postal or phone 1097, I will call.

WOLFSON'S TAILOR SHOP
310 King Street
38-26c

Fannon's Coal is Popular

Because It Is ALL COAL

Southern Railway System

South.		North.
3:27 a.m...	Memphis Special	12:13 a.m.
*9:37 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	8:48 p.m.
7:37 a.m...	Washington-Danville ..	3:28 p.m.
	(Local)	
8:37 a.m...	Washington-Danville ..	.....
	(Express)	
9:17 a.m.	New York-New Orleans	10:43 p.m.
9:22 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	9:13 p.m.
5:47 p.m...	Birmingham Special ..	12:18 p.m.
4:12 p.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	11:03 a.m.
3:22 p.m.	Washington-Charlottesville (Local)	10:58 a.m.
5:22 p.m..	Washington-Warrenton (Local)	7:53 a.m.
7:17 p.m..	N. Y.-Augusta-Asheville	7:13 a.m.
10:07 p.m...	Washington-Atlanta	7:28 a.m.
10:17 p.m..	Chattanooga Limited ..	7:28 a.m.
11:12 p.m.	New York-New Orleans (Limited)	8:23 a.m.

*Daily except Sundays.
S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.
S. E. Burgess, Div. Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.

Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R.

South		North
	New York-Jacksonville	
3:32 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	11:30 p. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
7:57 a. m.	(Local)	11:47 a. m.
	New York-Atlanta-Jacksonville	
9:12 a. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:30 p. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:47 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	6:11 a. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
k10:20 a. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
12:02 p. m.	(Express)	2:16 p. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
z3:07 p. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	New York-Augusta-Florida	
3:32 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	12:05 p. m.
	Washington-Atlanta-Birmingham	
5:17 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	11:55 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
5:27 p. m.	(Local)	*5:52 p. m.
	New York-Columbia	
8:12 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	7:18 a. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:57 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	8:15 a. m.
	New York-Tampa-St. Petersburg	
10:02 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:28 a. m.

(k)—Sundays only.
(z)—Week days only.
(*)—Week days. On Sundays 8:17 p. m.
S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va., J. B. Mordecai, Traffic Manager, Richmond, Va.

WASHINGTON-VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Winter schedule of trains between Washington, Alexandria and Mt. Vernon, effective 1:00 A. M., December 1, 1921. Daily except Sunday and holidays.

Leave Washington for Alexandria, Mt. Vernon and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:00, 6:15*, 6:35, 6:50, 7:05, 7:10, 7:15*, 7:20, 7:25, 7:33, 7:36, 7:49, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:15*, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00*, 9:15, 9:30*, 9:45, 10:00*, 10:15, 10:30*, 10:45, 11:00*, 11:15, 11:30*, 11:45, 12:00* noon, P. M., 12:15, 12:30*, 12:45, 1:00*, 1:15, 1:30*, 1:45, 2:00*, 2:15, 2:30*, 2:45, 3:00*, 3:15, 3:30*, 3:45, 3:53, 4:00*, 4:05, 4:10, 4:15, 4:20, 4:25, 4:30, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:50, 4:55, 5:00*, 5:05, 5:10, 5:15, 5:20, 5:28, 5:35, 5:43, 5:50, 5:55, 6:00*, 6:05, 6:10, 6:15, 6:20, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00*, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00*, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00*, 10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:15, 11:25*, 11:45, 12:15, 12:50.

*Mt. Vernon trains.

Leave Alexandria for Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 5:00, 5:40, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:40, 6:45, 6:55, 7:00, 7:10, 7:17, 7:25, 7:35, 7:40, 7:42, 7:45, 7:50, 7:55, 8:00, 8:05, 8:10, 8:15, 8:20, 8:30, 8:45, 8:55, 9:10, 9:25, 9:40, 9:55, 10:10, 10:25, 10:40, 10:55, 11:10, 11:25, 11:40, 11:55.—P. M., 12:10, 12:25, 12:40, 12:55, 1:10, 1:25, 1:40, 1:55, 2:10, 2:25, 2:40, 2:55, 3:10, 3:25, 3:40, 3:55, 4:10, 4:15, 4:23, 4:25, 4:35, 4:40, 4:46, 4:52, 4:55, 5:00, 5:05, 5:15, 5:20, 5:25, 5:30, 5:35, 5:40, 5:45, 5:55, 6:10, 6:25, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00, 10:20, 10:40, 10:55, 11:15, 11:40, 12:15.

Leave Mt. Vernon for Alexandria, Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:15, 7:15, 8:30, 9:12, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 noon; P. M. 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:20x

Leave Alexandria for Mt. Vernon, daily except Sundays and holidays: A. M., 5:55, 6:45, 7:45, 8:49, 9:36, 10:30, 11:30. P. M. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, 7:38, 8:36, 9:36, 10:36, 11:55x. 10:36, 11:55.

xTrain runs to Four Mile Run only.

Pocket schedule may be obtained at all ticket offices.—Washington-Virginia Railway Co.
282-4c

THE LAST WORD IN MECHANICAL MOTHERHOOD

Industrial research is a very excellent thing, in its proper place and within reasonable limits, but it seems to be going altogether too far in the hands of the Japanese. Operating under a governmental grant for research, a Japanese servant has created a machine some 120 feet by 30 feet in dimensions which he declares will hatch 1,500,000 eggs at a time, with a live chicken to every egg. With becoming modesty, he describes the contraption as the "most comprehensive machine in the world." That the professor has dared to let word get about respecting his invention would seem to be proof positive that there is no agricultural bloc in Japan

Possibly we have arrived at an era of yarns. It would seem that hard times stimulate the imagination. When the world gets to feeling poor it falls to speculating upon the production of gold from thin air, lead, or silver dollars, and upon the branches of the printing art as exemplified in slips of paper with which one can fill his empty pockets at will and purchase blue sky or suburban mansions as the spirit may move him.—The Nation's Business.

LOW DISEASE RATE NOTED IN FEBRUARY

(Continued from Page One.)

clinic. The room in which we hold our venereal and general clinics, is, like our laboratory, entirely too small. We have no waiting room, hence patients have to stay out in the unheated hall until we can call them in for treatment. This should not be.

Public Clinic For The City Poor

In this clinic we gave advice and treatment to 89 patients. Our Clinician also gave medical treatment to 2 patients at the City Alms House, and to 6 at the Anne Lee Memorial Home. Our nurse also visited the houses of a number of these patients. I consider the advice and treatment of the poor of our city, a very important part of the work of this department. I state this from an economic as well as a humanitarian standpoint.

Public Health Nurse

67 nursing, investigating, instructive, infant welfare and school visits were made during the month, also 23 afternoons were spent in attending our daily clinics. The various other work of our nurse is fully noted in the detailed report.

General Remarks

As the records for many years past show that January and February have been the worst months for general communicable diseases, I am highly pleased to say that we passed through these months with the lowest rate recorded during the past three years!

I consider the general state of health in the city at the present time is very good.

Louis E. Foulks, M. D.
Health Officer and
Ass't Collaborating Epidemiologist
U. S. Public Health Service.

H. B. TRIBBY

General Contractor

Get our estimates on anything you expect to build.

102 South St. Asaph St.
Phone 432

24-26c.

SALE OF LUNCH ROOM FIXTURES

Thursday, March 9th, 1922, 12 O'clock

By virtue of authority vested in me, the undersigned, I will offer for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION on the 9th day of March, 1922, at 12 noon, all of the lunch room fixtures and equipment contained in the premises known as 905 King Street, Alexandria, this being the lunch room formerly conducted by James Priviolos, and known as the Lincoln Lunch.

Tables, chairs, counters, cases cash register, coffee urns, stoves, china and silverware, and all other equipment.

Terms of sale CASH.

F. G. DUVALL,
Attorney in fact for James Priviolos.
Thomas L. Carter, Auctioneer.
54-4c.

ON THE 5:15

I DIDN'T KNOW I COULD BALANCE MYSELF ON TWO LEGS OF A CHAIR
HEY MYRTLE, COME HERE QUICK—LOOK QUICK!
COME HERE LOOK!
MYRTLE! QUICK HURRY, LOOK WHAT I'M DOING!
FOR GOODNESS SAKE—WHAT IS IT?
COME HE-E-E-
CRASH
WELL—I'M HERE, WHAT DO YOU WANT?
OH, NOTHING
Copyright, 1922, by King Features Syndicate, Inc.
3-14

GOODYEAR Service Station
BELLE HAVEN GARAGE

The American Agricultural Chemical Company
Successor to
Alexandria Fertilizer & Chemical Co.
Manufacturers and Importers
Fertilizers and Fertilizer Materials
Factory and Office Alexandria, Virginia.

An Old Established Banking Institution

We pride ourselves on the fact that we are the oldest and strongest bank in Northern Virginia and our customers are protected by the complete backing of our almost unlimited resources.

First National Bank
Of Alexandria, Va.

SAVE---
For The "Rainy Day"

A savings account in this strong bank will protect you against the proverbial "RAINY DAY." It will also assure you money at any time you may need it.

3 per cent Interest on Savings

ALEXANDRIA NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

IN MEMORIAM

EVANS—In loving memory of our dear and only child, LORRAINE C. EVANS, who departed this life three years ago today, March 8th, 1919.

Three years ago the sun was shining,
The sky was a canopy of blue,
My heart was bright and cheerful
Because then we had you.
My heart has been crushed and wounded,
My life lonely and sad,
But only one look on your dear face
Would make me contented and glad
Mother.

Three years of silent sorrow,
Three years of grief and pain,
We miss you when the morning dawns
We miss you when the night returns.
We miss you here, we miss there,
Dear Lorraine we miss you everywhere.

57-1p. Mother and Daddy.

BEAUTIFY YOUR GROUNDS

by planting our hardy evergreens, shrubs, vines, and shade trees, fruit trees, grapes, berry plants, etc. Now is time to plant. We sell to you direct at lowest prices; no agents. Write for free catalog. (Established 46 years).

J. B. WATKINS & BRO.
Midlothian, Va.
53-eod-6c

FRIENDS, LISTEN!

J. E. Wells, 603 Queen St., is the man who does all kinds of furniture repairing, cabinet work, and upholstering, reasonable. Call on him, or a postal card will bring him to your home. 15 e o d

DIED

TURNER—Edward, the beloved husband of Mrs. Eliza Turner, and son of Mrs. Louise Turner, departed this life Monday at Freedman's Hospital Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m., from the Shiloh Baptist Church, Alexandria Va. Rev. Jas. H. Marshall pastor, officiating. 57-1p

DIED

HENDERSON—At her home 1728 E. Oliver Street, Baltimore, Md. CLARA V., beloved wife of A. W. Henderson, and daughter of Capt. Matthew Kersey, of this city. Funeral from her late residence, Friday, March 10th, at 2 p. m. 57-1p.

DIED

SERVICE—On Tuesday, March 7th 1922, at 7:30 a. m. at 517 Cameron St. Alexandria, Va., ANN P. SERVICE, widow of late Henry H. Service. Funeral from St. Paul Church, Alexandria, 2 p. m., March 9th. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery, Washington, D. C. 57-1c

WHAT SHALL I DO WITH THEM?

Give them away—throw them away—sell them to old shoe dealers? No—a bit of it, dear lady. Bring them here and watch us transform those old, dilapidated, shapeless, apparently useless shoes into the finest looking footwear you ever saw. Don't believe we can do it? It will cost you nothing if we don't prove it to you.

Ideal Shoe Repairing Co.
1201 King Street

FOR SALE

10 shares of the stock of the Alexandria Water Company at $100 per share, in lots to suit the purchaser. The company pays $5.00 per share dividend per annum.

The company being chartered in this State, its stock is free from State taxes. It is also free from normal Federal Income taxes.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

H. Kann Sons Co.
"THE BUSY CORNER" PENNA. AVE. AT 8TH. ST.

Open 9:15 a. m. Close 6:00 p. m.

Ginghams are the opening number on Spring's fashion stage of

WASH FABRICS

These advertised are two of our very special values, and the prices are extraordinary for the qualities.

Imported Dress Ginghams, 32 inches wide, also beautiful Scotch Zephyr Gingham, in checks and plaids. A yard—

39c

32-inch Domestic Dress Gingham, in checks, plaids and stripes; a splendid quality at, a yard—

19c

Kann's—Street Floor.

SCHOOL DAYS Copyright, 1922, by **By DWIG**

British Women Launch Movement to Gain Control Of Government.

British women will "seek their own" in politics. A movement to organize a political party composed exclusively of women today is in full swing in England. The leaders, it is declared, are hopeful of gaining control of the government, inasmuch as there are 2,000,000 more women than men in Great Britain. Besides the Viscountess Rhondda, who has just been granted a seat in the House of Lords, there are other Peeresses who are entitled to seats with the Peers of the Realm. Seven of these are shown in the accompanying groups. They may not, of course, take the seats to which they are entitled without an invitation from the House of Lords.

Baptism of Dog Causes Ousting of Preacher

Buster, owned by Mrs. Melbourne Porter, of Brookline, Mass., probably is the only dog ever "baptized," in accordance with the rites of the Presbyterian Church. The baptism, said by Mrs. Porter to have been performed by Rev. Edwin Curtis, resulted in the expulsion of Dr. Curtis as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Brookline.

Spanish War Veterans Invite Anguinaldo to Convention

Spanish-American War Veterans at Los Angeles have invited Emilio Aguinaldo, Philippine insurrectionist, to attend their convention next August. Coincident with the invitation comes the news that Aguinaldo, banned from Philippine politics by the United States Government, is being urged by his friends to again become active in the affairs of the Government of the islands. Following his banishment from politics by our Government the famous rebel chief has been little heard of during the past few years. He has not yet accepted the invitation to attend the convention of the California Spanish-American War Veterans.

His Nose Knows How to Shoot Them

Thousands of persons are inclined to be "nosy," but Professor Henry Lewis, of New York, takes the prize. He wins the "brown derby by a nose." Lewis is the only man in the world who shoots billiards with his nose almost as well as some cue stars can shoot with their "sticks." Step closer and watch the professor make his fancy nose shots!

Completes Trip Around World; Wins $10,000

Franz Emanuel Wettberg, "sixty-three years young," collected a wager of $10,000 when he walked into Albany, N. Y., and completed his walking trip around the world. He started from Albany January 15, 1914, and brought back with him his original pack, rifle—and good health. Wettberg admits that while in Europe he visited many "wet bergs."

Richmond—When Albert C. Johnson finishes a term in the Virginia penitentiary Tuesday, he will be taken to Washington, D. C., to be prosecuted for bigamy. A detainer was lodged against him Saturday. Johnson was sent to the Virginia prison in 1920, from Richmond, for the larceny of several hundred dollars worth of ogods from Woolworth's 5 and 10 cent store while assistant manager for the company here.

The WISHING FAIRY by Corinne

Stella Gives Mr. and Mrs. Emperor Moth a Strangely Wonderful Power.

ONE evening when Stella, the Wishing Fairy, and her Brownies were cosily grouped at their End-of-the-Earth home, talking of this, that and other things, there was suddenly a great flapping of tiny wings near them, and, fluttering through a silvery moonbeam, a Moth flew straight to Stella, coming to rest on the tip of her right foot. With a deep sigh of moth contentment it drooped its painted wings so that they hung limply over either side of the Fairy's wee foot, and except for a faint quiver of its velvet body it remained motionless for several moments.

No one spoke. They could not. . . . They were far too surprised!

"Well!" Pimzie exclaimed breathlessly. "What's this?"

"Does *this* mean me?" the great Moth timidly asked. "Because, if so—I am Mr. Emperor Moth. And you—are you the wonderful Wishing Fairy?"

"I don't know that I am very wonderful," Stella replied with a smile, "but, yes—I am the Wishing Fairy."

"Oh, I'm so glad!" the Moth said happily, and, fluttering from her foot, he took his place further up on her knee. "I'm so glad! I have wanted to talk with you—just—ever so much! You see," he added in a whisper, "I have a wish, and I have been hoping all the time I flew here that you would make it come true for me." The four Brownies were ever so curious, and as they did not want to miss anything and as they could not hear a word the Moth whispered they all edged up just as close as they possibly could. "It's this way," they heard him say; "we little spirits of the night are very lonely and I can't tell you how often we lose one another. So I wish you would grant my wish and give us *some* power of finding each other—no matter how far apart we may be. Will you?"

Stella thought and *thought*—and *thought!* Finally she turned to Pimzie. "Pim, dear," she said to this little Brownie, "I want you to go and find Mrs. Emperor Moth. Hurry and bring her here to me. Hurry!"

"Well!" gasped Pimzie. "That's a nice task! Where is she? I'm sure I haven't the slightest idea where to even look for her!"

"I'll help you, Pim!" Snookums cried, springing up.

"That will not be necessary," said Stella. "Here, I will lend you my magic wand, and you will immediately find her. But be very careful of my wand."

Pimzie was so proud that he could hardly hold the wonderful wand, and in less time than it takes to tell he disappeared into the night, returning shortly with Mrs. Moth. She, of course, was very bewildered, for she had no idea what this strange experience meant, but nevertheless she took her place on the Fairy's other knee and waited to learn what would happen next.

Stella took the wand from Pimzie and, slowly waving it over Mr. and Mrs. Moth, she told them of how she planned to help them.

"After this," she said, "even though the winged part of your life only lasts a few days—I am not speaking of your babyhood (when you are Caterpillars and before you have spun your cocoons)—after this, Mrs. Emperor Moth, you shall have within your heart a perfume so subtle and beautiful that Humans will never be able to detect it, but you, Mr. Moth, will notice it calling to you, no matter how far away you may be, and no matter how dark the night, it shall lead you straight to her. Are you pleased?"

EMPEROR MOTH.

Mr. Moth was so happy that he could not answer for several moments. "But how," he finally asked, "in what way shall I be able to notice this lovely perfume?"

"This power will lie in your delicate, feathery 'antennæ.' No longer," she added, "shall these two tiny plumes wave before your eyes without reason."

And so it has always been with Mr. and Mrs. Emperor Moth, who are sometimes known as "Peacock Moths."

[Copyright, 1922.

PRESIDENT IN TEST ON BONUS WITH CONGRESS

(Continued from page one)

out for re-election to Senate and House.

President Harding has squared his shoulders and put it up to Congress to find its own way to completion of its program, now caught in the legislative machinery with which it must go before the lountry in the approaching campaign.

The President feels that he has done all he can be brought to do voluntarily to influence the legislative branch in the direction of limitation of armament, the bonus and the tariff.

The issue which the Republicans expect to present first in their country-wide campaign is the claim of revolutionary progress toward universal peace achieved by the Washington Conference. Yet the Conference treaties are being scanned and subjected to bickering in the Senate.

The issue admittedly holding grave danger to prospective candidates, however, is the bonus, and as to it Congress still refuses to chart its course by the plans suggested by the President.

The remaining fundamental economic issue before the majority party is permanent tariff revision, and the bill is wedged in the Senate Finance Committee.

Mr. Harding's stand, in this situation, and on each of the items, is this: The President, the White House announced today, holds that the executive branch has done its very best on the treaties resulting from the Washington Conference. He will not deputize Secretary of State Hughes to try to stimulate favorable action in the Senate. The President does not regard it as necessary to "lobby, trade, supplicate or admonish" the Senate, or the American people either, as to the Conference results.

The President stands pat on his last communication to the House Ways and Means Committee as to the bonus. The White House said today that contrary to the opinion of those who believe the executive changes his mind with every breeze, the President stands where he did at the outset. This leaves Congress to ponder for itself whether at the opening moment of a campaign, it will incur the danger of executive veto of its bonus bill if it proceeds without regard to the advice offered by the White House.

3. The President will not try to induce the Senate Finance Committee to speed the tariff. He told House leaders who sought him recently that he felt he had done all he could. House Republicans are criticizing the Senate, declaring that because of delay in the upper branch, the whole of Congress is coming under country-wide reproach.

The whole situation is an unpleasant one for Congressional leaders to consider when they are planning a life and death struggle for legislative control. House spokesmen see the wreck of plans for adjournment by June 1 and complain bitterly of the Senate.

Aside from the substitution of the bank loan provision for the cash payment plan, the bill as introduced is very similar to that previously passed by the House. The only immediate cash payments proposed are to veterans whose adjusted service pay would not exceed $50. Other veterans could select one of these four options:

adjusted service certificate, combining a loan and insurance plan.
Vocational training
Farm and home aid.
Land settlement.

The adjusted service certificate would be dated October 1, 1922; would mature in 20 years or at the death of the veteran, and, in either case would have a face value equal to the sum of (1) the adjusted service credit of the veteran increased by 25 per cent plus (2) interest thereon for 20 years at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent, compounded annually. The total amount would be approximately equal to 3.015 times the adjusted service credit of the veteran."

This credit would be figured on the basis of $1.25 for each day of overseas service and $1 for each day of home service, but in no event could the credit exceed $500 in the case of a veteran who performed no overseas service and $625 in the case of a veteran who served overseas.

"Secretary (of the Cuban treasury) Gelabert further adds that the Government's money must be respected and that the cunidity of some people to obtain possession of what does not belong to them—as is now happening in some cases—must be counteracted. Such an uncompromising opinion, of course, has caused a tremendous sensation here."—*Havana cable to the New York Journal of Commerce.*

Taste is a matter of tobacco quality

We state it as our honest belief that the tobaccos used in Chesterfield are of finer quality (and hence of better taste) than in any other cigarette at the price.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES
of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended
"They Satisfy"

A Safe and Profitable Investment

In making investments great care should be exercised to see that they are safe and profitable.

The stock of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company offers an opportunity for such an investment.

It is a safe investment because it is a nation-wide industry, economically managed, and its financial policy is sound. Each share has back of it a property value of more than $185—almost twice its par value, $100.

It is a profitable investment because the stock can be purchased on the market for about $119 the share and pays $9 each year in dividends. The dividends are paid quarterly.

We are interested in having you become a shareholder because you will make a safe and profitable investment and take a greater interest in our problems and assist us in giving the public better telephone service.

Further information will be furnished upon request.

The Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Company
OF VIRGINIA
H. T. Clarkson, Manager

(A)